



Unit Trust Range

JPMorgan China Income Fund

- The Fund invests at least 70% in (a) equity securities of companies which are based in, listed on any stock exchange of, or operate principally in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and that the Investment Manager expects to pay dividends and (b) Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC.
- The Fund is therefore exposed to risks related to dynamic asset allocation strategy, equity, debt securities (including valuation risk, credit risk, investment grade bond risk, below investment grade/ unrated investment risk, interest rate risk and sovereign debt risk), concentration, smaller companies, "Dim Sum" bond market, emerging market, PRC tax, currency, liquidity, derivatives, class currency and currency hedged classes. The Fund has exposure to PRC securities (including PRC exchange traded stock index futures) via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively, the "China Connect"), Qualified Foreign Investor ("QFI") status, China interbank bond market ("CIBM") Initiative and/or Bond Connect. Investors will be subject to the associated QFI, China market, PRC brokerage, RMB currency, China Connect, investments in stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange and/or the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange and/or the Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and CIBM risks. Pertaining to investments in below investment grade or unrated debt securities, these securities may be subject to higher liquidity risks and credit risks compared with investment grade bonds, with an increased risk of loss of investment. RMB is currently not freely convertible and RMB convertibility from offshore RMB (CNH) to onshore RMB (CNY) is a managed currency process subject to foreign exchange control policies of and restrictions imposed by the Chinese government. There can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation at some point.
- Where the income generated by the Fund is insufficient to pay a distribution as the Fund declares, the Manager may at its discretion determine such distributions may be paid from capital including realised and unrealised capital gains. Investors should note that the payment of distributions out of capital represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount they originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit. Also, a positive distribution yield does not imply a positive return on the total investment.
- Investors may be subject to substantial losses.
- Investors should not solely rely on this document to make any investment decision.

Fund overview

Investment objective

To provide investors with income and long-term capital growth by investing primarily (i.e. at least 70% of its total net asset value) in (a) equity securities of companies which are based in, listed on any stock exchange of, or operate principally in the PRC and that the Investment Manager expects to pay dividends and (b) Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC.

Expertise

Fund Manager

Lilian Leung, Elizabeth Pang, Li Tan, Jason Pang, Julio Callegari, Selina Yu

Fund Information ((acc) - USD)

Fund base currency
USD

Total fund size (m)
USD 264.2

SEDOL
B52YQ95

ISIN code
HK0000053956

Bloomberg code
CHNWGEN HK

Current charge
Initial : 5.0% of NAV
Redemption : 0%
Management fee : 1.75% p.a.

Denominated currency and NAV per unit
(acc) - USD : USD 19.02

(mth) - HKD : HKD 9.46

(mth) - USD : USD 9.35

(mth) - AUD (hedged) : AUD 7.78

(mth) - RMB (hedged) : RMB 8.61

12 month NAV
High : USD 19.76 (07/10/24)

Low : USD 16.28 (12/09/24)

Distribution frequency
(mth) : Expected monthly

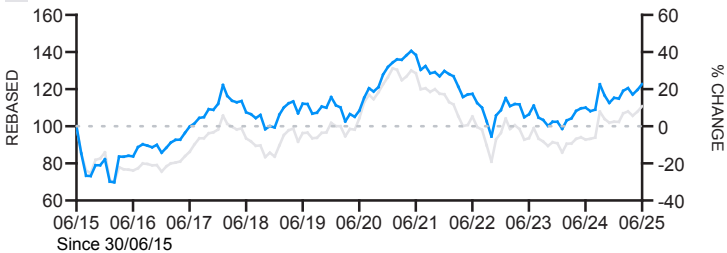
Yield

Last distribution(xd date)/Annualised yield⁽²⁾
(mth) - HKD HKD 0.0334 (30/06/25)/4.32%
(mth) - USD USD 0.033 (30/06/25)/4.32%
(mth) - AUD (hedged) AUD 0.0241 (30/06/25)/3.78%
(mth) - RMB (hedged) RMB 0.0091 (30/06/25)/1.28%

Performance

Cumulative Performance (%)#

JPMorgan China Income (acc) - USD
Customised benchmark⁽¹⁾



	1 month	1 year	3 years	5 years	Since launch ⁽⁵⁾	Launch date
(acc) - USD	2.6	11.6	4.5	13.2	90.2	22/06/09
Benchmark (in USD) ⁽¹⁾	2.6	18.9	5.1	6.1	83.2	
(mth) - HKD	2.6	12.2	4.5	14.6	37.1	05/09/16
(mth) - USD	2.5	11.5	4.5	13.2	35.5	05/09/16
(mth) - AUD (hedged)	2.6	10.1	0.0	6.7	2.5	01/12/17
(mth) - RMB (hedged)	2.4	8.6	-3.1	9.5	14.7	03/09/18

Calendar Year Performance (%)#

	2020*	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025YTD
(acc) - USD	14.0	-1.6	-16.3	-5.8	12.6	6.4
Benchmark (in USD) ⁽¹⁾	23.6	-7.1	-17.4	-5.7	12.5	8.0
(mth) - HKD	13.4	-1.1	-16.1	-5.8	12.1	7.5
(mth) - USD	14.0	-1.6	-16.2	-5.8	12.7	6.4
(mth) - AUD (hedged)	11.9	-1.9	-17.6	-7.3	11.3	5.6
(mth) - RMB (hedged)	15.5	0.8	-16.1	-8.4	9.4	5.3

#Effective 05.09.16, JPMorgan China Income Fund was restructured. Key changes include fund name, investment objectives, investment universe, benchmark and distribution yield. Performance prior to 05.09.16 was achieved under circumstances that no longer apply. Please refer to the offering document for details. *Since launch to end of year for fund classes inception in that year. 1)30% CSI 300 Net (dividends reinvested after deduction of withholding tax) + 30% MSCI China Net + 20% JACI China Total + 20% FTSE Dim Sum Bond Total (Formerly known as Citigroup Dim Sum Bond Total Index. With effect from 31.07.18, Citigroup Dim Sum Bond Index was renamed as FTSE Dim Sum Bond Index). Index weights are rebalanced monthly. This benchmark is customised by J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Prior to 02.10.17, 30% CSI 300 Net (dividends reinvested after deduction of withholding tax) + 30% MSCI China Net + 40% Citigroup Dim Sum Bond Total. Prior to 05.09.16, 80% CSI 300 ex-Energy, Materials, Industrials, Utilities Net (Customised by China Securities Index Co Ltd, dividends reinvested after deduction of withholding tax) + 20% Shanghai Stock Exchange Government Bond Total. The Total Index was replaced with Net index on 01.10.13 retrospectively from inception. 2)Annualised yield = [(1+distribution per unit/ex-dividend NAV)/distribution frequency]-1. The annualised dividend yield is calculated based on the latest dividend distribution with dividend reinvested, and may be higher or lower than the actual annual dividend yield. Positive distribution yield does not imply positive return. 3)With the exception of the "Average annual return" figure, all data are calculated from the month end after inception. 4)Investments in, or exposure to, any single entity (other than Government and other public securities) cannot exceed 10% of the Fund's total net asset value. 5)Since 31.07.09 (first investment day). 6)AsianInvestor Asset Management Awards are issued by AsianInvestor in the year specified, reflecting performance as at the previous calendar year end. Unless stated otherwise, all information as at the last valuation date of the previous month. Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management/RIMES (NAV to NAV in denominated currency with income reinvested). Source of ratings: Morningstar, Inc., 4-Star Rating awarded to (acc) - USD Class, (mth) - HKD Class and (mth) - USD Class; Medalist Rating - Bronze awarded to (acc) - USD Class, (mth) - HKD Class, (mth) - RMB (hedged) Class and (mth) - USD Class. 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Source of bond rating: Moody's, S&P, Fitch and China local rating agency. To calculate portfolio credit quality, China local rating agency scale is translated into international rating agency scale. Risk ratings (if any) are based on J.P. Morgan Asset Management's assessment of relative risk by asset class and historical volatility of the fund where applicable. The risk ratings are reviewed annually or as appropriate and for reference only. Any overweight in any investment holding exceeding the limit set out in the Investment Restrictions was due to market movements and will be rectified shortly. It should be noted that due to the difference of the fund domiciles the valuation points used by Unit Trust range and SICAV range of funds for fair valuation (where applied) may vary. For details please refer to the respective offering document(s). The AUD/CAD/EUR/GBP/NZD/RMB/SGD Hedged Classes (where applicable) are not recommended for investors whose base currency of investment is not in the aforesaid currencies. For funds offering classes with a distribution feature, such classes aim at monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual distribution as the case may be. Dividend rate is not guaranteed. Distributions may be paid from capital. The investment returns are calculated in denominated currency. For funds/classes denominated in foreign currencies, US/HK dollar-based investors are therefore exposed to fluctuations in the currency exchange rate. Investment involves risk. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Please refer to the offering document(s) for details, including the risk factors. This document has not been reviewed by the SFC. Issued by JPMorgan Funds (Asia) Limited. For more information, please contact your bank, financial adviser or visit am.jpmorgan.com/hk today.

Portfolio Characteristics

Bond quality (%)	AAA: 0.1 AA: 3.2 A: 10.4 BBB: 7.8 <BBB: 8.8 Non Rated: 0.3
Average: duration/maturity (years)	3.5/4.3
Yield to maturity (%)	4.96
Equity dividend yield (%)	3.34

Portfolio Analysis ((acc) - USD)

	3 years	5 years	Since Launch ³⁾
Correlation	0.98	0.95	0.94
Annualized Alpha %	-0.09	1.43	0.52
Beta	0.86	0.83	0.95
Annualised volatility %	15.83	13.87	18.35
Sharpe ratio	-	-	0.15
Annualised tracking error %	4.19	4.91	6.55
Average annual return %	1.48	2.51	4.12

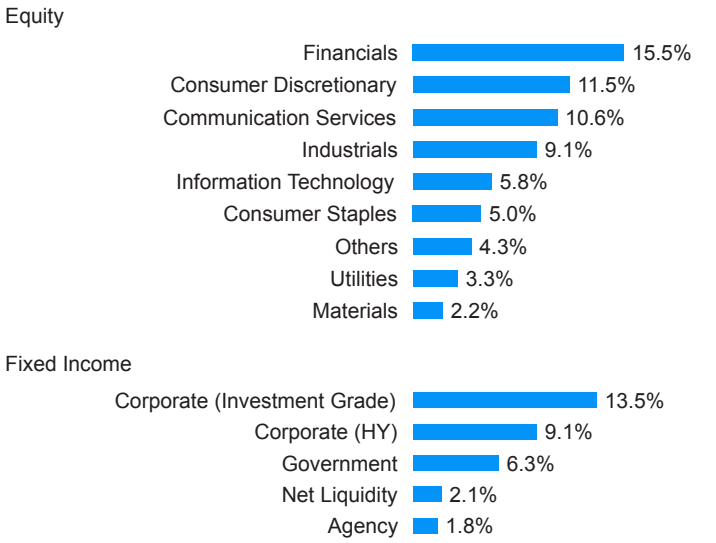
Holdings⁴⁾ (as at end May 2025)

TOP 10	Market	Sector	%
Tencent Holdings	China Equities	Communication Services	6.4
Alibaba Group Holding	China Equities	Consumer Discretionary	4.5
China Construction Bank	China Equities	Financials	3.7
China Merchants Bank	China Equities	Financials	2.6
Contemporary Amperex	China Equities	Industrials	1.9
China Yangtze Power	China Equities	Utilities	1.8
NetEase	China Equities	Communication Services	1.7
Midea Group	China Equities	Consumer Discretionary	1.7
PetroChina	China Equities	Energy	1.6
China Government Bond 2.71 16 Jun 2033 R	CNH Bonds	Fixed Interest	1.6

Ratings

Medalist Rating	Bronze
Morningstar Rating	
Analyst-Driven %	100
Data Coverage %	100
Category	Greater China Allocation

Portfolio Breakdown



Scan the QR code
for fund documents



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JPMorgan China Income Fund
摩根中國入息基金

April 2025 ● 2025年4月

- *This statement provides you with key information about this product.*
- *This statement is a part of the offering document.*
- *You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.*
- 本概要提供本基金的重要資料，
- 是銷售文件的一部分。
- 請勿單憑本概要作投資決定。

Quick facts 資料便覽

Manager 經理人：	JPMorgan Funds (Asia) Ltd. 摩根基金（亞洲）有限公司		
Investment Manager 投資經理人：	JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia Pacific) Limited, Hong Kong (internal delegation) 摩根資產管理（亞太）有限公司，香港（同集團委任）		
Sub-Manager 助理經理人：	JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd.^, UK (internal delegation) 英國（同集團委任） ^ JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd. is only responsible for the currency management of the Currency Hedged Classes set out in the sub-section "Ongoing charges over a year". ^ JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd.只負責「全年經常性開支比率」分節所載貨幣對沖類別的貨幣管理。		
Trustee 信託管理人：	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Ltd. 滙豐機構信託服務（亞洲）有限公司		
Ongoing charges over a year 全年經常性開支比率：	(acc) - USD class (mth) - AUD (hedged) class (mth) - HKD class (mth) - RMB (hedged) class (mth) - USD class	(累計) 美元類別 (每月派息) 澳元對沖類別 (每月派息) 港元類別 (每月派息) 人民幣對沖類別 (每月派息) 美元類別	1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†]
[†] The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ended 30 September 2024 and may vary from year to year. [†] 經常性開支比率是根據截至2024年9月30日的年度費用計算，每年均可能有所變動。			
Dealing frequency 交易頻率：	Daily 每日		
Base currency 基本貨幣：	USD 美元		
Dividend policy 派息政策：	For (mth) class - Monthly distribution* (discretionary). Distributions may be paid out of capital which represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount an investor originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit. For (acc) class - Accumulative (Income will be retained and reinvested within the corresponding class) (每月派息) 類別 — 每月分派* (酌情決定)。分派可能從資本撥款，即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。 (累計) 類別 — 累計 (收益將保留並撥作投資相應類別)		
Financial year end 財政年度終結日：	30 September 9月30日		

Product Key Facts - JPMorgan China Income Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根中國入息基金

Minimum investment

最低投資額：

Lump-sum (same amount for initial/additional):

For RMB denominated Classes: RMB16,000 or its equivalent in another currency

For other Classes: USD2,000 or its equivalent in another currency

整額（首次及其後每次相同）：

就以人民幣計價的類別而言：人民幣16,000元或其他貨幣之等值

就其他類別而言：2,000美元或其他貨幣之等值

The Manager may apply a different minimum lump sum investment.

* Any distributions will be reinvested automatically in the subscription of further units of the corresponding Class of units of the Fund, or paid in cash provided certain conditions are met. Please refer to the section "DISTRIBUTION POLICY" in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund. The Manager has the sole and absolute discretion to amend the distribution policy, subject to the SFC's prior approval (if applicable) and one month's prior notice to the relevant unitholders.

經理人可設定不同的最低整筆投資額。

* 任何分派將自動再投資於認購基金相應單位類別的更多單位（或於符合若干特定情況下，以現金分派）。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收益分派政策」一節。經理人可全權酌情決定修改收益分派政策，惟須獲得證監會事先批准(如適用)，及須給予相關單位持有人一個月的事先通知。

What is this product? 本基金是甚麼產品？

This is a fund constituted in the form of a unit trust under the laws of Hong Kong.

本基金是一個根據香港法律以單位信託形式組成的基金。

Objective and investment strategy 目標及投資策略

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with income and long-term capital growth by investing primarily (i.e. at least 70% of its total net asset value) in (a) equity securities of companies which are based in, listed on any stock exchange of, or operate principally in the PRC and that the Investment Manager expects to pay dividends and (b) Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC.

The Fund may vary its asset allocation in response to market conditions. Asset allocation decisions are the result of qualitative and quantitative research into a range of fundamental factors such as economic outlook, official policy actions, market valuation levels, investor sentiment and positioning. The Manager, Investment Manager and/or Sub-Manager exercise a judgment as to the relative importance of various fundamental conditions as well as degree of conviction in establishing the asset class allocations in the Fund.

The Fund may invest up to 50% of its total net asset value in onshore PRC securities via the qualified foreign investor ("QFI") status of the Investment Manager.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its total net asset value in certain eligible China A-Shares via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively, the "China Connect") and/or other similar programs as approved by the relevant regulators from time to time.

The Fund may invest 30% or more of its total net asset value in stocks listed on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and/or the Beijing Stock Exchange.

The Fund may invest up to 60% of its total net asset value in Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC, including but are not limited to bonds, money market instruments and other debt securities which are issued by the Chinese issuers such as government, quasi-government organizations, agencies, financial institutions, and other corporations, organizations or entities domiciled in the PRC. The Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in the PRC are traded on the listed bond markets and/or the China interbank bond market (the "CIBM"). The Fund will invest in Chinese debt securities traded in the CIBM through the CIBM Initiative¹ and/or Bond Connect.

The Fund's investment through the QFI status of the Investment Manager and the CIBM Initiative will be less than 70% of its total net asset value.

The Fund may invest less than 30% of its total net asset value in aggregate in below investment grade debt securities (rated Ba1/BB+ or below using the highest rating available from one of the international independent rating agencies (e.g. Moody's, Standard and Poor's, Fitch)) or unrated securities. The Investment Manager will first consider the credit rating of a debt security itself and only if such credit rating is unavailable, the Investment Manager will then consider the credit rating of its issuer, which will become the implied rating of the relevant debt security. An unrated debt security refers to a debt security which neither the debt security itself nor its issuer has a credit rating.

The Fund may not invest more than 10% of its total net asset value in each type of the following instruments: (i) urban investment bonds²(城投債); and (ii) asset backed securities (including asset backed commercial papers).

The Fund may invest up to 20% of its total net asset value in instruments with loss-absorption features (e.g. contingent convertible debt securities, certain types of senior non-preferred debts, etc.).

The Fund may also invest in derivatives such as options, warrants, swaps and futures for investment purposes.

基金的投資目標是為投資者提供收益及長遠資本增值，為達致此目標，基金主要（即將其總資產淨值至少70%）投資於(a)以中國為基地、在當地任何證券交易所上市或主要在當地經營，且投資經理人預期會派發股息之公司之股票證券，及(b)在中國境內或境外發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券。

基金可因應市場狀況調整其資產配置。資產配置決策乃經過對經濟前景、官方政策行動、市場估值水平、投資者情緒及部署等多項基本因素進行質量研究及定量研究後作出。經理人、投資經理人及／或助理經理人在建立基金的資產類別配置時，就各種基本因素狀況的相對重要性以及看好程度作出判斷。

基金可透過投資經理人的合格境外投資者（「QFI」）資格將其總資產淨值最多50%投資於境內中國證券。

基金亦可透過「滬港通」及／或「深港通」（統稱「中華通」）將其總資產淨值最多100%投資於若干合資格中國A股及／或有關監管機構不時批准的其他類似計劃。

基金可將其總資產淨值30%或以上投資於在深圳證券交易所創業板、上海證券交易所科技創新板及／或北京證券交易所上市的股票。

基金可將其總資產淨值最多60%投資於在中國境內或境外發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券，包括但不限於由中國的政府、半政府組織、機構、金融機構等發行人，及其他在中國註冊的企業、組織或實體發行的債券、貨幣市場工具及其他債務證券。在中國發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券於中國上市債券市場及／或中國銀行間債券市場（「中國銀行間債券市場」）交易。基金將透過中國銀行間債券市場項目¹及／或債券通投資於在中國銀行間債券市場交易的中國債務證券。

基金透過投資經理人的QFI資格及中國銀行間債券市場項目所作投資將少於其總資產淨值的70%。

基金可將其總資產淨值少於30%投資於低於投資級別（被一間國際獨立評級機構（如穆迪、標準普爾及惠譽）給予評級中最高獲Ba1/BB+或以下的評級）的債務證券或未獲評級證券。投資經理人會首先考慮債務證券本身的信貸評級，並只有在有關信貸評級未能提供時，投資經理人方會考慮其發行人的信貸評級，而有關信貸評級將成為有關債務證券的隱含評級。未獲評級的債務證券指債務證券本身或其發行人均沒有信貸評級的債務證券。

基金不可將其總資產淨值10%以上投資於下列各類型工具：(i)城投債²；及(ii)資產抵押證券（包括資產抵押商業票據）。

基金可將其總資產淨值最多20%投資於具有吸收虧損特點的工具（例如或然可換股債務證券、若干類型的高級非優先債務等）。

基金亦可為投資目的而投資於衍生工具，例如期權、認股權證、掉期及期貨。

¹ In February 2016, the People's Bank of China announced the opening-up of the CIBM to a wider group of eligible foreign institutional investors free of quota restriction (the "CIBM Initiative").

² Urban investment bonds are debt instruments issued by mainland China local government financing vehicles ("LGFVs"). These LGFVs are separate legal entities established by local governments and/or their affiliates to raise financing for public welfare investment or infrastructure projects.

¹ 2016年2月，中國人民銀行宣佈向更多合資格境外機構投資者開放中國銀行間債券市場且不設額度限制（「中國銀行間債券市場項目」）。

² 城投債為中國內地地方政府融資平台（「地方政府融資平台」）發行之債務工具。此等地方政府融資平台為由地方政府及／或其聯繫人士成立之獨立法律實體，以籌集融資作為公共福利投資或基礎建設計劃之用途。

Use of derivatives 衍生工具的使用

The Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

本基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額可最多達基金資產淨值的50%。

What are the KEY RISKS? 本基金有哪些主要風險？

Investment involves risk. Please refer to the offering document(s) for details, including the risk factors.

投資涉及風險。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情，包括風險因素。

- **Investment risk** – The Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- **Risk relating to dynamic asset allocation strategy** – The investments of the Fund may be periodically rebalanced and therefore the Fund may incur greater transaction costs than a fund with static allocation strategy.
- **Equity risk** – The Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors. Equity markets may fluctuate significantly with prices rising and falling sharply, and this will have a direct impact on the Fund's net asset value. When equity markets are extremely volatile, the Fund's net asset value may fluctuate substantially and the Fund could suffer substantial loss.
- **China market risk** – Investing in the securities markets in the PRC is subject to the risks of investing in emerging markets generally and the risks specific to the PRC market. Investments in the PRC will be sensitive to any significant change in political, social or economic policy in the PRC which includes possible government intervention. Such sensitivity may, for the reasons specified above, adversely affect the capital growth and thus the performance of these investments. The PRC government's control of currency conversion and future movements in exchange rates may adversely affect the operations and financial results of the companies that issue the relevant PRC securities invested in by the Fund. In light of the above mentioned factors, the price of PRC securities may fall significantly in certain circumstances and may have an adverse effect on the Fund's performance. The choice of "A", "B" and "H" share issues currently available to the Manager may be limited as compared with the choice available in other markets. There may also be a lower level of liquidity and trading volume in the PRC "A" and "B" share markets, which are relatively smaller in terms of both combined total market value and the number of "A" and "B" shares which are available for investment as compared with other markets. This could potentially lead to severe price volatility. There may also be potential settlement difficulties in the PRC market.

In addition, trading band limits may be imposed by the PRC stock exchanges on China A-Shares, where trading in a China A-Share security on the relevant PRC stock exchange may be suspended if the trading price of such security has increased or decreased to the extent beyond the trading band limit. A suspension will render it impossible for the Fund to liquidate its positions (if any) in such security. Also, it may not be possible for the Fund to liquidate positions at a favourable price even when the suspension is lifted. Such trading band limit may therefore adversely affect the Fund's investment in China A-Shares. The PRC government or the regulators may also implement policies that may affect the financial markets.

- **Risks associated with debt securities** – the Fund's investments in debt securities are subject to the following risks:
 - **Valuation risk** – Valuation of the Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the net asset value calculation of the Fund.
 - **Credit risk** – If the issuer of any of the securities in which the Fund's assets are invested defaults, the performance of the Fund will be adversely affected and the Fund could suffer substantial loss. For fixed income securities, a default on interest or principal may adversely impact the performance of the Fund. Decline in credit quality of the issuer may adversely affect the valuation of the relevant bonds and the Fund. The credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or the issuer at all times.
 - **Investment grade bond risk** – Investment grade bonds are assigned ratings within the top rating categories by rating agencies (including but not limited to Fitch, Moody's and/or Standard & Poor's) on the basis of the creditworthiness or risk of default of a bond issue. Rating agencies review such assigned ratings and bonds may therefore be downgraded in rating if economic circumstances (e.g. subject to market or other conditions) impact the relevant bond issues. Downgrading of the bonds may adversely affect the value of the relevant bonds and therefore the performance of the Fund. The Fund may or may not be able to dispose of the bonds that are downgraded. Also, the Fund may face higher risks of default in interest payment and principal repayment. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
 - **Below investment grade/unrated investment risk** – The Fund may invest in bonds and other debt securities which are unrated or with ratings below investment grade. Accordingly, such investment will be accompanied by a higher degree of credit and liquidity risks than is present with investment in higher rated securities. During economic downturns such bonds typically fall more in value than investment grade bonds as such are often subject to a higher risk of issuer default. The NAV of the Fund may decline or be negatively affected if there is a default of any of the high yield bond that the Fund invests in or if interest rates change.
 - **Interest rate risk** – Investment in the Fund is subject to interest rate risk. In general, the prices of debt securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.
 - **Sovereign debt risk** – The Fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.
- **Concentration risk** – The Fund may concentrate its investments in the PRC. Investors should be aware that the Fund is likely to be more volatile than a more broadly diversified fund. The value of the Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting that geographic area.
- **Smaller companies risk** – The stock prices of small and medium-sized companies may tend to be more volatile than large-sized companies due to a lower degree of liquidity, greater sensitivity to changes in economic conditions and higher uncertainty over future growth prospects.
- **Risks associated with the investments in stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange and/or the ChiNext Board of the SZSE and/or the STAR Board of the SSE** – The Fund may invest in the stocks listed on Beijing Stock Exchange, the ChiNext Board of the SZSE and/or the STAR Board of the SSE and thus may result in significant losses for the Fund and its investors. Such investments are subject to the following risks:
 - Beijing Stock Exchange and STAR Board are newly established and may have a limited number of listed companies during the initial stage. Investments in stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange and STAR Board may be concentrated in a small number of stocks and subject the Fund to higher concentration risk.
 - Listed companies on the Beijing Stock Exchange, the ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board are usually innovative and growth enterprises of emerging nature with smaller operating scale. Listed companies on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board are subject to wider price fluctuation limits, and due to higher entry thresholds for investors, stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board may have limited liquidity, compared to those listed on other boards. Hence, they are subject to higher fluctuation in stock prices and liquidity risks and have higher risks and turnover ratios than companies listed on the main boards of the SSE and SZSE. Due to different trading rules, daily price movements are limited to 30% on the Beijing Stock Exchange and 20% on the ChiNext market and the STAR Board, which are higher than the limits on the main boards of the SSE and SZSE. Therefore the securities traded on these markets may be subject to a higher volatility risk than securities of relevant sectors traded in the main boards of the SSE and SZSE.

- Stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board may be given a higher valuation and such exceptionally high valuation may not be sustainable. Stock price may be more susceptible to manipulation due to fewer circulating shares.
- The rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board are less stringent in terms of profitability and share capital than those on the main boards of the SSE and the SZSE.
- It may be more common and faster for companies listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board to delist. This may have an adverse impact on the Fund if the companies that it invests in are delisted.
- A company listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange in which the Fund invests may apply for transfer of listing to the ChiNext Board of the SZSE or the STAR Board of the SSE, if permitted by the applicable laws and regulations, subject to meeting the listing requirements of the CSRC and the SSE or SZSE (as the case may be). The application for transfer of listing will be subject to the review and approval by SSE or SZSE (as the case may be). The application for transfer of listing, whether successful or not, may cause fluctuations in the price of the relevant stock, and hence the net asset value of the Fund.
- **Risks associated with CIBM** – Investing in the CIBM via the CIBM Initiative and/or Bond Connect is subject to regulatory risks and various risks such as volatility risk, liquidity risk, settlement and counterparty risk as well as other risk factors typically applicable to debt securities. The relevant rules and regulations on investment in the CIBM via the CIBM Initiative and/or Bond Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. In the event that the relevant PRC authorities suspend account opening or trading on the CIBM, the Fund's ability to invest in the CIBM will be adversely affected. In such event, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective will be negatively affected. There are also risks and uncertainties associated with the current PRC tax laws, regulations and practice on the Fund's investments in the PRC.
- **"Dim Sum" bond (i.e. bonds issued outside of the PRC but denominated in RMB) market risks** – The "Dim Sum" bond market is still a relatively small market which is more susceptible to volatility and illiquidity. The operation of the "Dim Sum" bond market as well as new issuances could be disrupted causing a fall in the net asset value of the Fund should there be any promulgation of new rules which limit or restrict the ability of issuers to raise RMB by way of bond issuances and/or reversal or suspension of the liberalisation of the offshore RMB (CNH) market by the relevant regulator(s).
- **Risks associated with China Connect** – The Fund will be able to trade certain eligible stocks listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE") and/or Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("SZSE") and/or the Science and Technology Innovation Board ("STAR Board") of the SSE through China Connect and thus is subject to the following risks:
 - The relevant rules and regulations on China Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. There is no certainty as to how they will be applied.
 - The program is subject to daily quota limitations which may restrict the Fund's ability to invest in China A-Shares through the program on a timely basis.
 - Where a suspension in the trading through the program is effected, the Fund's ability to access the PRC market will be adversely affected. In such event, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective could be negatively affected.
 - The program requires the development of new information technology systems on the part of the stock exchanges and exchange participants and may be subject to operational risk. If the relevant systems failed to function properly, trading in both Hong Kong and Shanghai/Shenzhen markets through the program could be disrupted. The Fund's ability to access the China A-Share market (and hence to pursue its investment strategy) will be adversely affected.
 - PRC regulations impose certain restrictions on selling and hence the Fund may not be able to dispose of holdings of China A-Shares in a timely manner.
 - A stock may be recalled from the scope of eligible stocks for trading via China Connect. This may affect the investment portfolio or strategies of the Fund.
 - Trading in securities through the program may be subject to clearing and settlement risk. If the PRC clearing house defaults on its obligation to deliver securities/make payment, the Fund may suffer delays in recovering its losses or may not be able to fully recover its losses.
 - The Fund may not be able to participate in some corporate actions in respect of the SSE/SZSE securities in a timely manner. Also, the Fund may not be able to appoint proxies to attend or participate in shareholders' meetings in respect of the SSE/SZSE securities.
- **QFI risk** – The Fund's ability to make the relevant investments or to fully implement or pursue its investment objective and strategy is subject to the applicable laws, rules and regulations (including restrictions on investments and repatriation of principal and profits) in the PRC, which are subject to change and such change may have potential retrospective effect. The Fund itself is not a QFI, but may invest directly in QFI eligible securities via the QFI status of the Investment Manager and/or other QFI holders. The QFI status could be revoked, in particular because of material violations of rules and regulations by the QFI. If the Investment Manager loses its QFI status, the Fund may not be able to invest directly in QFI eligible securities and may be required to dispose of its holdings which would likely have a material adverse effect on the Fund. There can be no assurance that redemption requests can be processed in a timely manner due to adverse changes in relevant laws or regulations, including changes in QFI repatriation restrictions. Such restrictions may result in suspension of dealings of the Fund. Investments in QFI eligible securities will be made through the QFI in Renminbi. The Fund may suffer substantial losses if any of the key operators or parties

(including QFI custodian/brokers) is bankrupt/in default and/or is disqualified from performing its obligations (including execution or settlement of any transaction or transfer of monies or securities. The Fund will be exposed to any fluctuation in the exchange rate between US dollars and Renminbi in respect of such investments.

- **PRC brokerage risk** – The execution and settlement of transactions or the transfer of any funds or securities may be conducted by PRC Brokers appointed by the Investment Manager (as QFI holder). There is a risk that the Fund may suffer significant losses from the default, disqualification or bankruptcy of the PRC Brokers, including losses of any futures margin held by PRC futures brokers in the event of their bankruptcy. In these events, the Fund may be adversely affected in the execution or settlement of any transaction or in the transfer of any funds or securities. In selection of PRC Brokers, the Investment Manager (as QFI holder) will have regard to factors such as the competitiveness of commission rates, size of the relevant orders and execution standards. The Investment Manager will exercise reasonable care and diligence in the selection, appointment and ongoing monitoring of the PRC Brokers and ensure it is satisfied that the PRC Brokers remain suitably qualified and competent to provide the relevant service. If the Investment Manager considers appropriate, it is possible that a single PRC Broker will be appointed and the Fund may not necessarily pay the lowest commission available in the market.
- **Emerging markets risk** – The Fund invests in emerging markets which may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility. Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards in emerging markets may be less rigorous than international standards. There is a possibility of nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, foreign exchange control, political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments which could affect adversely the economies of emerging markets or the value of the Fund's investments.
- **PRC tax risk consideration** – There are risks and uncertainties associated with the current PRC tax laws, regulations and practice on the Fund's investments in the PRC. Any increased tax liabilities on the Fund may adversely affect the Fund's value. The Manager, Investment Manager and Sub-Manager reserve the right to provide for tax on gains of the Fund that invests in PRC securities thus impacting the valuation of the Fund. Based on professional and independent tax advice, except for gains from China A-Shares trading through China Connect or Qualified Foreign Investors and interest derived by foreign institutional investors from bonds traded on PRC bond market which are specifically exempt under temporary exemptions from the prevailing PRC tax regulations, a tax provision of 10% is fully provided for all PRC sourced income (including gains from PRC securities, dividends and interest) until sufficient clarity is given by the PRC authorities to exempt specific types of PRC sourced income (eg. gains from PRC bonds). With the uncertainty of whether and how certain gains on PRC securities are to be taxed, the possibility of the laws, regulations and practice in the PRC changing, and the possibility of taxes being applied retrospectively, any provision for taxation made by the Manager, the Investment Manager and/or the Sub-Manager may be excessive or inadequate to meet final PRC tax liabilities on gains derived from the disposal of PRC securities. In case of any shortfall between the provisions and actual tax liabilities, which will be debited from the Funds' assets, the Funds' net asset value will be adversely affected. Depending on the timing of investors' subscriptions and/or redemptions, they may be disadvantaged as a result of any shortfall of tax provision and/or not having the right to claim any part of the overprovision (as the case may be).
- **Currency risk** – The assets in which the Fund is invested and the income from the assets will or may be quoted in currency which are different from the Fund's base currency. The performance of the Fund will therefore be affected by changes in exchange rate controls and movements in the exchange rate between the currencies in which the assets are held and Fund's currency of denomination. Investors whose base currency is different (or not in a currency linked to the Fund's currency of denomination) may be exposed to additional currency risk.
- **Liquidity risk** – The Fund may invest in instruments where the volume of transactions may fluctuate significantly depending on market sentiment or which are traded infrequently or on comparatively small markets. There is a risk that investments made by the Fund are less liquid compared to more developed markets or may become less liquid in response to market developments or adverse investor perceptions, particularly in respect of larger transaction sizes. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities.
- **Derivatives risk** – Risks associated with derivatives include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. The leverage element/component of a derivative can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the derivatives by the Fund. Exposure to derivatives may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Fund.
- **Class currency risk** – The Class Currency of each Class may be different from the Fund's base currency, the currencies of which the Fund's assets are invested and/or investors' base currencies of investment. If an investor converts its base currency of investment to the Class Currency in order to invest in a particular Class and subsequently converts the redemption proceeds from that Class Currency back to its original base currency of investment, the investor may suffer a loss due to the depreciation of the Class Currency against the original currency. For example, if an investor whose base currency of investment is Hong Kong dollars (i.e. not RMB) and chooses to invest in the RMB Class, the investor may be exposed to a higher currency risk. The investor may suffer a higher loss as a result of exchange rate fluctuations between Hong Kong dollars and RMB upon the reconversion of its RMB investment back to Hong Kong dollars as compared to an investor whose base currency of investment is originally in RMB.

- **RMB currency risk** – RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control policies of and repatriation restrictions imposed by the Chinese government. If such policies change in future, the Fund's or the investors' position may be adversely affected. There is no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation, in which case the value of the investments will be adversely affected. Some investments acquired by the Fund will be denominated in RMB whereas the Fund is denominated in USD. Investors are exposed to the movements of the exchange rate between USD and RMB. Investors may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to USD. Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

Class(es) denominated in RMB will generally be valued with reference to RMB (CNH) rather than RMB (CNY). Class(es) denominated in RMB participate in the offshore RMB (CNH) market, which allow investors to freely transact CNH outside of mainland China. Class(es) denominated in RMB will have no requirement to remit CNH to onshore RMB (CNY). Non-RMB based investors (e.g. Hong Kong investors) in Class(es) denominated in RMB may have to convert HK dollars or other currencies into RMB when investing in Class(es) denominated in RMB and subsequently convert the RMB redemption proceeds and/or distributions (if any) back to HK dollars or such other currencies. Investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to HK dollars or such other currencies. Also, there can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation and any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of the investor's investment in the Fund.

- **Currency Hedged Classes risk** – Each Currency Hedged Class may hedge the Fund's denominated currency back to its currency of denomination, with an aim to provide a return on investment which correlates with the return of the Class of unit which is denominated in the base currency of the Fund. The costs and resultant profit or loss on the hedging transactions will be reflected in the net asset value per unit for the units of the relevant Currency Hedged Classes. The costs relating to such hedging transactions which may be significant depending on prevailing market conditions shall be borne by that Currency Hedged Class only.

The precise hedging strategy applied to a particular Currency Hedged Class may vary. In addition, there is no guarantee that the desired hedging instruments will be available or hedging strategy will achieve its desired result. In such circumstances, investors of the Currency Hedged Class may still be subject to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis (which means that, for example, if the hedging strategy in respect of the RMB Hedged Class is ineffective, depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to the base currency of the Fund, and/or other currency(ies) of the non-RMB denominated underlying investment of the Fund, (i) investors may still suffer losses even if there are gains or no losses in the value of the non-RMB denominated underlying investments; or (ii) investors may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB denominated underlying investments of the Fund fall in value). If the counterparties of the instruments used for hedging purposes default, investors of the Currency Hedged Classes may be exposed to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis and may therefore suffer further losses. While the hedging strategy may protect investors of the Currency Hedged Classes against a decrease in the value of the Fund's base currency relative to the denominated currency of that Currency Hedged Class, the hedging strategy may substantially limit the benefits of any potential increase in the value of a Currency Hedged Class expressed in the Class currency, if the Currency Hedged Class' denominating currency falls against the base currency of the Fund.

- **Payment of distributions out of capital risk** – Where the income generated by the Fund is insufficient to pay a distribution as the Fund declares, the Manager may in its discretion determine such distributions may be paid from capital including realised and unrealised capital gains. Investors should note that the payment of distributions out of capital represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount they originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. As a result, the capital that the Fund has available for investment in the future and capital growth may be reduced. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit. Also, a positive distribution yield does not imply a positive return on the total investment. The distribution amount and net asset value per unit of a Currency Hedged Class may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the reference currency of the relevant Currency Hedged Class and the Fund's base currency, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other Classes of units.

The distribution amount and NAV of the Currency Hedged Classes may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the denominated currency of the Currency Hedged Classes and the base currency of the Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-Currency Hedged Classes.

- **Hedging risk** – The Manager and the Investment Manager are permitted, in their absolute discretion, but not obliged, to use hedging techniques to attempt to reduce market and currency risks. There is no guarantee that hedging techniques if used, will achieve the desired result nor that hedging techniques will be used, in those cases, the Fund may be exposed to the existing market and currency risks and may be adversely impacted. The hedging, if any, against foreign exchange risks may or may not be up to 100% of assets of the Fund.

- **投資風險** — 基金的投資組合之價值或會因以下任何主要風險因素而下跌，閣下於基金之投資或會因而蒙受損失。概無保證本金將獲償還。
- **有關動態資產配置策略的風險** — 基金的投資或會定期重新調整比重，以致基金所招致的交易費用或會較採用固定配置策略的基金為高。
- **股票風險** — 基金於股票證券之投資須承受一般市場風險，股票證券的價值或會因多項因素而波動，例如投資氣氛、政治及經濟狀況及發行人特定因素的變動。股票市場可能大幅波動，而股價可能急升急跌，並將直接影響基金的資產淨值。當股票市場極為反覆時，基金的資產淨值可能大幅波動，而基金可能需蒙受重大損失。

- **中國市場風險** — 投資中國證券市場須承受投資新興市場的一般風險和中國市場特有的風險。在中國進行之投資將容易受到中國政治、社會或經濟政策任何重大變動之影響，包括可能之政府干預。基於上述特定理由，此種敏感度可能對資本增長，以至此等投資的表現帶來不利影響。中國政府對貨幣轉換之控制及匯率未來之變動，可能對發行基金所投資的相關中國證券之公司之營運及財務業績帶來不利影響。鑑於上述因素，中國證券之價格可能會在若干情況下大幅下跌，可能對基金之表現造成不利影響。現時可供經理人選擇之「A」、「B」及「H」股之發行，與其他市場可提供之選擇比較可能相對有限。中國「A」股及「B」股市場之流通性及交易量亦可能較低，與其他市場相比，該兩個市場就綜合總市值及可供投資「A」股及「B」股數目而言均相對較少。此情況可能導致股價大幅波動。中國市場亦可能存在潛在結算困難。

此外，中國證券交易所可能對中國A股施行交易波幅限額，據此，倘若某一中國A股證券的買賣價已上升或下跌至超逾交易波幅限額，該證券在有關證券交易所的買賣可能會被暫停。暫停買賣將使基金無法為其於該證券之持倉（如有）進行平倉。此外，即使暫停買賣其後解除，基金未必可按理想的價格平倉。該交易波幅限額可能因而對基金於中國A股之投資造成不利影響。中國政府或監管機構亦可能實施可能影響金融市場的政策。

- **與債務證券相關的風險** — 基金於債務證券之投資須承受以下風險：
 - **估值風險** — 本基金的投資估值或會涉及不明朗因素及判定性的決定。倘若該等估值不正確，此可能影響本基金的資產淨值計算。
 - **信貸風險** — 倘若基金之資產所投資之任何證券之發行人違約，基金之表現將會受到不利影響，而基金可能蒙受重大損失。定息證券不履行支付利息或本金之責任或會對基金之表現造成不利影響。發行人的信貸質素降低，或會對有關債券及基金之估值造成不利影響。信貸評級機構給予的信貸評級存在局限，並不保證證券及／或發行人在所有時候的信用可靠性。
 - **投資級別債券風險** — 投資級別債券獲信貸評級機構（包括但不限於惠譽、穆迪及／或標準普爾）於信用可靠性或債券發行的違約風險的基礎上給予屬於高評級界別的評級。評級機構覆核該等評級。倘若經濟環境（例如市場或其他情況）影響有關債券發行，該等債券的評級可能因此被下調。債券評級的下調或會對該等債券之價值造成不利影響，基金的表現亦可能因而受到不利影響。本基金不一定能夠出售被下調評級的債券。此外，基金可能面對較高不獲履行支付利息及償還本金之責任的風險。因此，投資者收回的金額可能低於原本的投資額。
 - **低於投資級別／未獲評級投資之風險** — 基金可投資於未獲評級或評級低於投資級別之債券及其他債務證券。因此，該等投資將承受較其他評級較高的證券為高之信貸及流通性風險。於經濟下滑時，該等債券一般較投資級別債券價格跌幅更大，因其通常承受較高之發行人違約風險。當基金投資的任何高收益債券違約或如利率改變，基金資產淨值或會下跌或受負面影響。
 - **利率風險** — 於基金之投資須承受利率風險。通常，債務證券之價格會隨利率下降而上升；隨利率上升而下跌。
 - **主權債務風險** — 基金投資於由政府發行或擔保的證券，可能承受政治、社會及經濟風險。在不利情況下，主權發行人未必能夠或願意在到期應付時償還本金及／或利息，或會要求基金參與該等債務的重組。主權債務發行人違約時，基金可能蒙受重大損失。
- **集中風險** — 本基金可能集中投資於中國。投資者應注意本基金相比更廣泛分散投資的基金較為波動。本基金的價值可能較容易受到影響該地區的不利經濟、政治、政策、外匯、流通性、稅務、法律或監管事件所影響。
- **小型公司風險** — 由於中小型公司的流通性較低、較容易受經濟狀況轉變影響，以及未來增長前景亦較為不確定，所以股價可能會較大型公司更為波動。
- **與投資於在北京證券交易所及／或深交所創業板及／或上交所科創板上市的股票相關的風險** — 基金可投資於在北京證券交易所、深交所創業板及／或上交所科創板上市的股票，因此可能導致基金及其投資者蒙受重大損失。有關投資須承受以下風險：
 - 北京證券交易所及科創板為新設立，初期的上市公司數目有限。於在北京證券交易所及科創板上市股票的投資可能集中於少數股票，故基金或會承受較高的集中風險。
 - 北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板的上市公司通常屬新興性質的創新及增長型企業，經營規模較小。北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市公司的股價浮動限制較寬，並基於投資者入場門檻較高，故於北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市股票的流通性相比其他交易板塊上市的有限。因此，相較於在上交所及深交所主板上市的公司承受較高的股價波動及流通性風險，且面臨更高的風險，換手率亦更高。由於交易規則不同，北京證券交易所的每日價格波動限制為30%，而創業板及科創板為20%，均高於上交所及深交所主板的限制。因此，在該等市場交易的證券可能比在上交所及深交所主板交易的有關行業的證券承受更高的波動性風險。
 - 北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板上市股票的估值可能較高，而該極高估值可能無法持續。由於流通股較少，股價可能更易被操控。
 - 適用於在北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市公司的規則及規例在盈利能力及股本方面可能不及上交所及深交所主板的有關規則及規例嚴格。

- 在北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板上市的公司發生除牌可能更為普遍及迅速。倘若基金投資的公司被除牌，可能對基金構成不利影響。
- 如獲適用法律及規例允許，並符合中國證監會及上交所或深交所（視乎情況而定）的上市規定，基金投資的在北京證券交易所上市的公司可申請轉板至深交所創業板或上交所科創板。轉板申請將由上交所或深交所（視乎情況而定）審核及批准。轉板申請（不論是否成功）可能導致有關股票的價格出現波動，因此令基金的資產淨值亦出現波動。
- **與中國銀行間債券市場相關的風險** — 透過中國銀行間債券市場項目及／或債券通投資於中國銀行間債券市場須承受監管風險及多項風險，例如波幅風險、流通性風險、結算和交易對象風險以及一般適用於債務證券的其他風險因素。透過中國銀行間債券市場項目及／或債券通投資於中國銀行間債券市場的相關規則及規例或會變更，且可能具有追溯效力。倘若在中國銀行間債券市場開立帳戶或進行交易被中國有關當局暫停，則基金投資於中國銀行間債券市場的能力將受到不利影響。在該情況下，基金達致其投資目標的能力將受負面影響。與基金於中國之投資有關的中國現行稅務法律、法規及慣例亦存在風險及不確定性。
- **「點心」債券（即在中國境外發行但以人民幣計價的債券）市場風險** — 「點心」債券市場的規模仍然較小，更易出現波動且缺乏流通性。倘有關監管機構頒佈限制或約束發行人透過債券發行籌集人民幣的任何新規例，及／或逆轉或暫停境外人民幣(CNH)市場的自由化進程，則「點心」債券市場之運作以及新債發行可能會中斷，導致基金資產淨值下跌。
- **與「中華通」相關的風險** — 基金將能通過「中華通」買賣在上海證券交易所（「上交所」）及／或深圳證券交易所（「深交所」）及／或上交所科技創新板（「科創板」）上市的若干合資格股票，故此須承受以下風險：
 - 「中華通」的有關規則及規例可能會變更，並可能具潛在追溯效力，將會如何被應用仍是未知之數。
 - 「中華通」機制受每日額度限制之規限，可能限制基金及時地通過「中華通」投資於中國A股的能力。
 - 倘若通過「中華通」機制進行的交易遭暫停，基金進入中國市場的能力將受到不利影響。在該情況下，基金達致其投資目標的能力會受負面影響。
 - 「中華通」機制需要證券交易所及交易所參與者開發新的資訊科技系統，故可能承受操作風險。如果有關系統未能正常運作，香港及上海／深圳市場通過「中華通」進行的交易可能受到干擾。基金進入中國A股市場（從而執行其投資策略）的能力將受到不利影響。
 - 中國法規實施若干沽出限制，因此基金可能無法及時出售所持有的中國A股。
 - 「中華通」合資格股票可能被調出「中華通」範圍，這對基金的投資組合或策略可能有影響。
 - 通過「中華通」買賣證券可能承受交收及結算風險。如果中國結算公司未能履行其交付證券／支付的責任，基金可能在追討損失上遇上延誤，或可能無法完全取回全數損失。
 - 基金或許不能及時參與上交所／深交所證券的若干企業行動。此外，基金或許不能委任代表出席或參與上交所／深交所證券的股東大會。
- **QFI風險** — 基金作出有關投資或全面落實或履行其投資目標及策略的能力須受中國的適用法律、規則及規例規限（包括有關投資以及匯出本金及溢利的限制），而有關法律、規則及規例可能會變更，並可能具潛在追溯效力。基金本身並非QFI，但可藉著投資經理人及／或其他QFI持有人之QFI資格直接投資於QFI允許之證券。QFI資格可被撤銷，尤其是因為QFI嚴重違反有關之條例及規定。倘若投資經理人失去其QFI資格，本基金未必能夠直接投資QFI允許之證券及可能因被要求出售其持有之投資而對本基金造成重大不利影響。概不能保證贖回要求可因有關法律或規例的不利改變，包括QFI調回限制的轉變而適時處理。該等限制可能導致基金暫停買賣。透過QFI作出之QFI允許之證券的投資以人民幣進行。如果任何主要營運商或訂約方（包括QFI託管人／經紀）破產／違責及／或喪失履行其責任的資格（包括執行或結算任何交易或轉讓資金或證券），基金可能招致重大損失。基金將就該等投資承受美元兌人民幣的任何匯率波動之影響。
- **中國經紀風險** — 交易之執行及結算或任何資金或證券之轉讓可能由投資經理人（作為QFI持有人）委任的中國經紀進行。本基金或會蒙受由於中國經紀違責、喪失資格或破產而導致重大損失之風險，包括在其破產時，由中國期貨經紀持有之任何期貨保證金的損失。於此等情況下，本基金可能於執行及結算任何交易或轉讓任何資金或證券時受到不利影響。於挑選中國經紀時，投資經理人（作為QFI持有人）將考慮佣金收費率之競爭力、相關指示的規模及執行標準等因素。投資經理人將於挑選、委任及持續監察中國經紀的過程中作出合理的謹慎和努力，並確保中國經紀維持適當的資格及足夠的能力提供相關服務。如投資經理人認為適當，單一中國經紀可能會獲委任，而本基金未必支付市場上可得的最低佣金。
- **新興市場風險** — 基金投資於新興市場，或會涉及更高風險以及投資於較成熟的市場時一般不會涉及之特殊考慮因素，例如流通性風險、貨幣風險／管制、政治及經濟不明朗因素、法律及稅務風險、結算風險、託管風險，以及可能出現大幅波動。新興市場的會計、審計及財務申報標準可能不如國際標準嚴格。國有化、徵用私產或充公性稅項、外匯管制、政治變動、政府規例、社會不穩定或外交發展均有可能對新興市場經濟或本基金之投資價值構成不利影響。
- **中國稅務風險考慮** — 與基金於中國之投資有關的中國現行稅務法律、法規及慣例存在風險及不確定性。倘基金承受的稅項負擔增加，可能對基金價值造成不利影響。經理人、投資經理人及助理經理人保留就基金投資於中國證券的收益作出稅項撥備的權利，此可能影響基金的估值。根據專業及獨立的稅務意見，除按中國現行稅務法規之暫時豁免獲特定豁免之透過中華通或合格境外投資者買賣中國A股所得收益以及境外機構投資者從中國債券市場所賺取的債券利息外，已就所有從中國賺取之收入（包括中國證券、股息及利息的收益）作出10%的全額稅項撥備，直至中國當局發出足夠明確的指引豁免特定種類之從中國賺取的收入（如中國債券的收益）為止。

由於未能確定中國證券的若干收益是否或如何被徵稅、中國的法律、法規及慣例可能更改及稅項可能被追溯繳納，經理人、投資經理人及／或助理經理人為出售中國證券所獲取之收益而提撥的任何稅務準備可能會過多或不足以應付最終的中國稅項負擔。任何因撥備少於實際稅項負擔而造成之短缺將於該等基金的資產中扣除，對該等基金之資產淨值將造成不利影響。視乎投資者認購及／或贖回之時間，投資者可能因任何稅項撥備不足及／或無權要求獲得超額撥備之任何部份（視情況而定）而受到不利影響。

- **貨幣風險** — 本基金投資之資產及其收益將或可能以與本基金之基本貨幣不同之貨幣計價。因此，本基金之表現將受外匯管制變動及所持資產之貨幣兌本基金之結算貨幣之匯率變動所影響。基本貨幣有所不同（或並非與本基金之結算貨幣掛鈎之貨幣）之投資者可能會承受額外之貨幣風險。
- **流通性風險** — 本基金可投資於其交易量或會因市場情緒而顯著波動之工具，或不經常買賣或在相對較小的市場買賣的工具。本基金作出之投資或會面對流通性不及較成熟的市場之風險，或因應市場發展及投資者之相反看法而變得流通性不足之風險，特別是就較大規模的交易而言尤甚。基金在未能出售其投資組合持倉的情況下，可能會對基金的價值產生不利影響或因此未能從其他投資機會中獲益。
- **衍生工具風險** — 與衍生工具相關的風險包括交易對象／信貸風險、流通性風險、估值風險、波動風險及場外交易風險。衍生工具的槓桿元素／成分可能導致虧損大幅高於本基金投資於衍生工具的金額。投資於衍生工具可能導致本基金蒙受大幅虧損的高風險。
- **類別貨幣風險** — 各類別之類別貨幣可能不同於基金之基本貨幣及其所投資的資產之貨幣及／或投資者之投資的基本貨幣。倘若投資者將其投資之基本貨幣轉換為類別貨幣以投資於一特定類別，及於其後將贖回所得由該類別貨幣轉換至其原有之投資基本貨幣，投資者可能因該類別貨幣對該原有貨幣貶值而蒙受損失。舉例而言，倘投資者之投資基本貨幣為港元（即非人民幣）而選擇投資於人民幣類別，則該投資者可能承受較高的貨幣風險。與以人民幣為原有之投資基本貨幣的投資者相比，該投資者可能因在將其人民幣投資再轉換回港元時，港元與人民幣之匯率波動而蒙受較高損失。
- **人民幣貨幣風險** — 人民幣現時不可自由兌換，須遵守由中國政府實施的外匯管制政策及資金匯出限制。如該等政策將來有所變動，基金或投資者之持倉可能受到不利影響。概無法保證人民幣不會貶值，而其在該情況下的投資價值將受到不利影響。基金購入的某些投資將以人民幣計價，而基金以美元計價。投資者承受美元與人民幣之間的匯率變動。投資者可能會蒙受損失，視乎人民幣相對於美元的匯率走勢而定。境外人民幣(CNH)及境內人民幣(CNY)雖屬相同貨幣，但以不同匯率買賣。境外人民幣(CNH)與境內人民幣(CNY)間出現任何差異，可能對投資者造成不利影響。在特殊情況下，以人民幣支付的贖回款項及／或分派或會因人民幣適用的外匯管制政策及限制而被延誤。

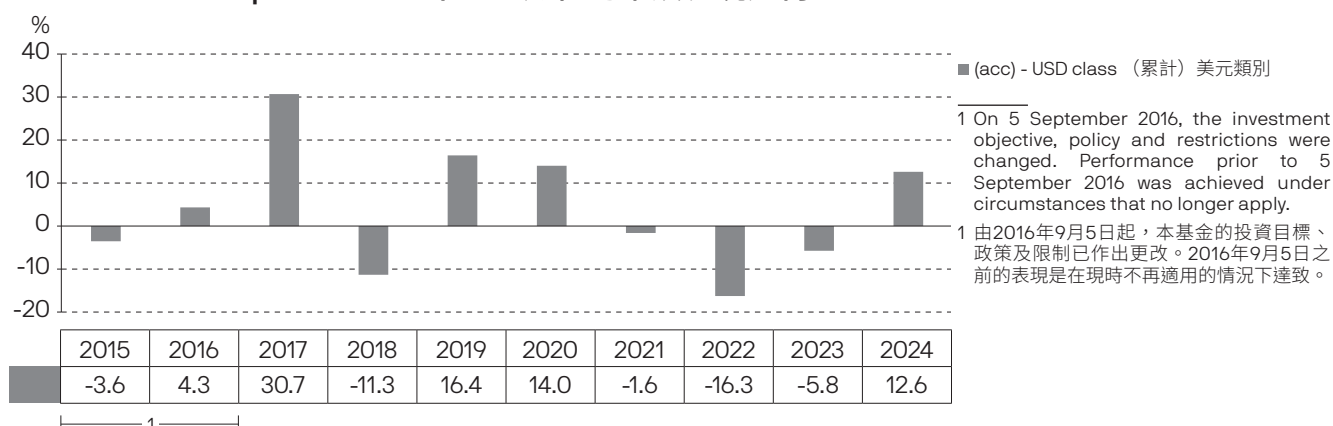
人民幣類別一般參考境外人民幣(CNH)而非境內人民幣(CNY)計價。以人民幣計價的類別參與境外人民幣(CNH)市場，可在中國大陸境外自由交易境外人民幣(CNH)。以人民幣計價的類別毋須將境外人民幣(CNH)匯成境內人民幣(CNY)。並非以人民幣為基本貨幣的投資者（如香港投資者），在投資以人民幣計價的類別時可能須將港元或其他貨幣兌換為人民幣，其後亦須將人民幣贖回所得款項及／或人民幣分派（如有）兌換為港元或該等其他貨幣。投資者將招致匯兌成本，並可能蒙受損失，視乎人民幣相對於港元或該等其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定。此外，不能保證人民幣不會貶值，而人民幣貶值可對投資者於基金的投資價值產生不利影響。
- **貨幣對沖類別風險** — 各貨幣對沖類別可將基金之計價貨幣對沖回其計價貨幣，旨在提供與以基金之基本貨幣計價的類別相關的投資回報。對沖交易的成本及所得盈虧將會反映於有關貨幣對沖類別單位之每單位資產淨值內。有關該等對沖交易的任何成本視乎當前市況而定可屬重大，將只由該貨幣對沖類別承擔。

應用於某特定貨幣對沖類別之確切對沖策略或會不同。此外，概不保證能夠獲得預期的對沖工具或對沖策略將會達到預期效果。在該等情況下，貨幣對沖類別之投資者可能仍需承受未對沖之貨幣兌換風險(舉例而言，如人民幣對沖類別之對沖策略無效，視乎人民幣相對於基金的基本貨幣，及／或該基金的非人民幣計價相關資產的其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定：(i)即使非人民幣計價的相關資產的價值上有收益或並無虧損，投資者仍可能蒙受損失；或(ii)如基金的非人民幣計價相關投資的價值下跌，投資者可能蒙受額外損失)。倘若用作對沖目的之工具之交易對象違約，貨幣對沖類別的投資者可能承受未對沖的貨幣兌換風險及可能因此承受進一步損失。

儘管對沖策略可能保護貨幣對沖類別的投資者免受基金的基本貨幣相對於貨幣對沖類別之計價貨幣之價值下跌所影響，惟倘若貨幣對沖類別之計價貨幣對基金之基本貨幣下跌，則該對沖策略可能大幅限制以類別貨幣列值的貨幣對沖類別之任何潛在升值的利益。
- **從資本撥款作出分派之風險** — 當基金所產生之收入並不足夠支付基金宣佈之分派時，經理人可酌情決定該等分派可能由資本（包括實現與未實現資本收益）撥款支付。投資者應注意，從資本撥款支付分派即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。因此，基金未來可用作投資的資本及資本增值或會減少。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。此外，正分派收益並不表示總投資的正回報。貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及每單位資產淨值可能受到有關貨幣對沖類別的參考貨幣與基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響，導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加，繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他單位類別為高。

貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及資產淨值可能受到貨幣對沖類別的計價貨幣與基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響，導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加，繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他非對沖類別為高。
- **對沖風險** — 經理人及投資經理人獲准有絕對酌情權（但並非必須）採用對沖方法以嘗試減低市場及貨幣之風險。概無保證該等對沖方法（如採用）將會達到預期之效果或該等對沖方法將獲得採用，在該等情形下，基金可能需承受現有之市場及貨幣風險，並可能受到不利影響。對匯率風險所作出的對沖（如有）可能或未必高達基金資產之100%。

How has the fund performed? 本基金過往的業績表現如何？



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the last valuation day of the calendar year, NAV to NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- The Manager views “(acc) - USD class” being the focus class available to retail investors in Hong Kong as the most appropriate representative class.
- Fund launch date: 2009
- Class launch date: 2009
- 過去業績資料並不代表將來表現。投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。
- 業績表現以曆年之最後一個估值日的資產淨值作為基礎，股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示單位類別價值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。業績表現以美元計算，當中包括基金的經常性開支，但不包括基金可能向閣下收取的認購費及贖回費。
- 經理人視「(累計) 美元類別」作為本基金可供香港零售投資者認購的核心單位類別為最合適的代表單位類別。
- 本基金成立日期：2009
- 單位類別成立日期：2009

Is there any guarantee? 本基金有否提供保證？

This Fund does not provide any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.
本基金並不提供任何保證。閣下未必能取回全數投資本金。

What are the fees and charges? 投資本基金涉及哪些費用及收費？

◆ Charges which may be payable by you[‡] 閣下或須繳付的收費[‡]

You may have to pay the following fees up to the rate listed below when dealing in the units of the Fund:

閣下買賣基金單位時或須繳付最高可達之費用如下：

Subscription fee (Initial charge) 認購費：	5.0% of NAV 資產淨值之5.0%
Switching fee 轉換費：	1.0% of NAV 資產淨值之1.0%
Redemption fee 贖回費：	Currently 0% (up to 0.5% of NAV) 現時為0% (最高可達資產淨值之0.5%)

[‡] Please refer to the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund for the calculation methodology of the relevant charges.

[‡] 請參閱本基金的基金說明書，了解有關收費的計算方法。

◆ Ongoing fees payable by the Fund 本基金須持續繳付的費用

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.
以下費用將從基金中扣除，閣下的投資回報將會因而減少。

Management fee 管理費：	1.75% of NAV p.a. (maximum 2.5%) 每年資產淨值之1.75% (最高可達2.5%)
Trustee fee 信託管理人費用：	0.025%–0.06% of NAV p.a. (maximum 0.2%; subject to the NAV) 每年資產淨值之0.025%–0.06% (最高可達0.2%；根據基金資產淨值)
Performance fee 表現費：	N/A 不適用
Administration fee 行政費：	N/A 不適用

◆ **Other fees 其他費用**

The Fund may charge other fees. Please refer to the 'FEES, CHARGES AND LIABILITIES' section in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund.

本基金或會收取其他費用。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收費、開支及責任」一節。

Additional information 其他資料

- You generally buy, redeem or switch units at the Fund's next-determined net asset value after the Manager or Intermediaries receive your request in good order at or before 5.00pm (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time. The Manager or Intermediaries may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The net asset value of this Fund is calculated and published on each "dealing day". They are available online at am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- Composition of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 Months are available from the Manager upon request and at the website am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other classes offered to Hong Kong investors from am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- 在交易截止時間即下午5時正（香港時間）或之前由經理人或中介人收妥的單位認購、贖回及轉換要求，一般按基金隨後釐定的資產淨值執行。經理人或中介人設定的交易截止時間可能各有不同，投資者應注意提交要求的截止時間。
- 本基金在每一「交易日」計算及公布資產淨值。詳情請瀏覽 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 最近12個月的分派成分（即從(i)可分派收入淨額及(ii)資本所派發的相對金額），可向經理人索取及於以下網頁查閱：
am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 投資者可於 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹ 取得其他向香港投資者銷售的單位類別之過往業績資料。

¹ The website has not been reviewed by the SFC.

¹ 此網頁並未經證監會審閱。

Important 重要提示

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

閣下如有疑問，應諮詢專業意見。

證監會對本概要的內容並不承擔任何責任，對其準確性及完整性亦不作出任何陳述。

單位信託系列

摩根中國入息基金

- 本基金投資至少70%於(a)以中國為基地、在當地任何證券交易所上市或主要在當地經營，且投資經理人預期會派發股息之公司之股票證券，及(b)在中國境內或境外發行及 / 或分銷的中國債務證券。
- 本基金須承受動態資產配置策略、股票、債務證券（包含估值風險、信貸風險、投資級別債券風險、低於投資級別 / 未獲評級投資風險、利率風險及主權債務風險）、集中、小型公司、「點心」債券、新興市場、中國稅務、貨幣、流通性、衍生工具、類別貨幣及貨幣對沖類別的相關風險。本基金透過「滬港通」及 / 或「深港通」（統稱「中華通」）、合格境外投資者（QFI）資格、中國銀行間債券市場項目及 / 或債券通參與中國證券市場（包括中國交易所買賣股票指數期貨）。投資者須承受相關的QFI、中國市場、中國經紀、人民幣貨幣、「中華通」、投資於在北京證券交易所及 / 或深圳證券交易所創業板及 / 或上海證券交易所科創版上市的股票及中國銀行間債券市場風險。低於投資級別或未獲評級債務證券之投資，可能須承受相比投資級別債券較高之流通性風險及信貸風險，並增加投資損失之風險。人民幣現時不可自由兌換。將境外人民幣（CNH）兌換為境內人民幣（CNY）是一項貨幣管理程序，須遵守由中國政府實施的外匯管制政策及限制。概無保證人民幣不會在某個時間貶值。此外，正分派收益並不表示總投資的正回報。
- 當基金所得之收入並不足夠支付基金宣佈之分派時，經理人有權酌情決定該分派可能由資本（包括實現與未實現資本收益）撥款支付。投資者應注意，從資本撥款支付分派即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。
- 投資者可能須承受重大損失。
- 投資者不應單憑本文件作出投資決定。

基金概覽

投資目標

主要是為投資者提供收益及長遠資本增值，為達成此目標，基金投資其總資產淨值至少70%於(a)以中國為基地、在當地任何證券交易所上市或主要在當地經營，且投資經理人預期會派發股息之公司之股票證券，及(b)在中國境內或境外發行及 / 或分銷的中國債務證券。

投資專才

基金經理

梁碧嫻, 馮俊儀, Li Tan, 彭逸升, Julio Callegari, 余佩玲

基金資料

((累計) 美元類別)

基本貨幣

美元

總資產值 (百萬)

264.2 美元

SEDOL 編號

B52YQ95

ISIN 編號

HK0000053956

Bloomberg 編號

CHNWGEN HK

現時費用

認購費: 5.0% (以資產淨值計)

贖回費: 0%

管理費: 每年1.75%

分派頻率

(每月派息) 類別: 預期每月分派

派息率

(每月派息) 港元類別

(每月派息) 美元類別

(每月派息) 澳元對沖類別

(每月派息) 人民幣對沖類別

報價貨幣及每單位資產淨值

(累計) 美元類別: 19.02 美元

(每月派息) 港元類別: 9.46 港元

(每月派息) 美元類別: 9.35 美元

(每月派息) 澳元對沖類別: 7.78 澳元

(每月派息) 人民幣對沖類別: 8.61 人民幣

12個月之資產淨值

最高: 19.76美元 (07/10/24)

最低: 16.28美元 (12/09/24)

上次分派及除息日/年化派息率²⁾

0.0334 港元 (30/06/25) / 4.32%

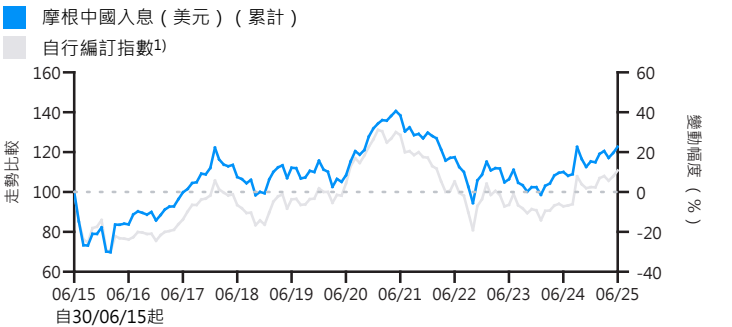
0.033 美元 (30/06/25) / 4.32%

0.0241 澳元 (30/06/25) / 3.78%

0.0091 人民幣 (30/06/25) / 1.28%

表現

累積表現 (%) #



	一個月	一年	三年	五年	自成立至今 ⁵⁾	成立日期
(累計) 美元類別	2.6	11.6	4.5	13.2	90.2	22/06/09
基準指數 (以美元計) ¹⁾	2.6	18.9	5.1	6.1	83.2	
(每月派息) 港元類別	2.6	12.2	4.5	14.6	37.1	05/09/16
(每月派息) 美元類別	2.5	11.5	4.5	13.2	35.5	05/09/16
(每月派息) 澳元對沖類別	2.6	10.1	0.0	6.7	2.5	01/12/17
(每月派息) 人民幣對沖類別	2.4	8.6	-3.1	9.5	14.7	03/09/18

年度表現 (%) #

	2020*	2021	2022	2023	2024	年初至今
(累計) 美元類別	14.0	-1.6	-16.3	-5.8	12.6	6.4
基準指數 (以美元計) ¹⁾	23.6	-7.1	-17.4	-5.7	12.5	8.0
(每月派息) 港元類別	13.4	-1.1	-16.1	-5.8	12.1	7.5
(每月派息) 美元類別	14.0	-1.6	-16.2	-5.8	12.7	6.4
(每月派息) 澳元對沖類別	11.9	-1.9	-17.6	-7.3	11.3	5.6
(每月派息) 人民幣對沖類別	15.5	0.8	-16.1	-8.4	9.4	5.3

#由05.09.16起，摩根中國入息基金已作出重組。主要變更包括基金名稱、投資目標、投資範疇、基準指數及派息率。05.09.16之前的表現是在現時不再適用的情況下達致。詳情請參閱銷售文件。*該年起始的基金類別以成立日起至年底計。1)30%滬深300淨回報指數（再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅）+ 30% MSCI中國淨回報指數 + 20%摩根亞洲信貸中國總回報指數 + 20%當時點心債券總回報指數（舊有名稱為花旗集團點心債券總回報指數。自31.07.18起，花旗集團點心債券指數已更改名稱為當時點心債券指數）。指數比重每月再調整，由摩根資產管理編訂。02.10.17以前的數據為30%滬深300淨回報指數（再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅）+ 30% MSCI中國淨回報指數 + 40%花旗集團點心債券總回報指數。05.09.16以前之數據為80%滬深300（不包括能源、物料、工業、公用）淨回報指數（由中證指數有限公司編訂，再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅。）+ 20%上證國債總回報指數。自01.10.13起之各年期指數表現，已由「總回報指數」改為「淨回報指數」。2)年化派息率 = [(1+每單位派息 / 除息日資產淨值) ^ 每年派息次數] - 1。年化派息率乃基於最近一次派息計算及假設收益再撥作投資，可能高於或低於實際全年派息率。正數派息率並不代表正數回報。3)除「平均每年回報」外，所有數據均以成立後第一個月月底開始計算。4)投資於任何單一實體或就任何單一實體承擔風險的總投資（政府證券及其他公共證券除外）不能超過有關基金總資產淨值的10%。5)自31.07.09首個投資日至今。6)《亞洲投資人》投資表現獎之頒發機構為 AsianInvestor，於所示年度頒發之獎項乃反映截至上年底表現。所有資料截至上一個月之最後計值日（特別列明除外）。資料來源：摩根資產管理/RIMES（以報價貨幣資產淨值對資產淨值計算，收益再撥作投資。）基金評級來源：Morningstar, Inc. 4星號評級頒發予(累計 - 美元類別、(每月派息) - 港元類別 及 (每月派息) - 美元類別; 基金晨星動華評級銅獎頒發予(累計 - 美元類別、(每月派息) - 港元類別、(每月派息) - 人民幣對沖類別 及 (每月派息) - 美元類別 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. 債券評級來源：穆迪、標準普爾、惠譽及中國當地評級機構。中國當地評級機構的評級已轉換為國際評級機構的評級，以供計算投資組合信貸質素之用。風險評級（如有）乃基於摩根資產管理就各類資產之相對風險及基金過去波幅評估而定，並每年（或適當時候）作檢討，僅供參考。本基金於任何項目之投資比重如有超越投資限制所指定之限額，乃基於市場變動所致，並會在短期內修正。由於基金註冊地之差別，單位信託系列與SICAV系列基金用作計算公平估值（如適用）之估值點可能有所不同。詳情請參閱有關銷售文件。澳元/加元/歐元/英鎊/紐元/人民幣/新加坡元對沖類別（如適用）並不適合基本貨幣並非前述貨幣的投資者。

就提供派息類別的基金而言，此等類別旨在每月 / 每季 / 每半年 / 每年派息，視乎個別股份類別而定。派息率並無保證。分派可能由資本撥款支付。投資回報以報價貨幣計算。若基金/類別以外幣報價，以美元/港元為本的投資者可能須承受匯率波動影響。投資涉及風險。過去業績並不代表將來表現。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情，包括風險因素。本文件未經證監會審閱，由摩根基金（亞洲）有限公司刊發。

查詢詳情，請聯絡閣下之銀行、財務顧問或瀏覽am.jpmorgan.com/hk。

投資組合特點

債券質素 (%)	AAA: 0.1 AA: 3.2 A: 10.4 BBB: 7.8 <BBB: 8.8 未評級: 0.3
平均年期/平均屆滿期 (年)	3.5/4.3
期滿收益率 (%)	4.96
股息率 (%)	3.34

投資組合分析 ((累計) 美元類別)

	三年	五年	自成立至今 ³⁾
相關系數	0.98	0.95	0.94
年化Alpha系數 (%)	-0.09	1.43	0.52
Beta系數	0.86	0.83	0.95
年化波幅 (%)	15.83	13.87	18.35
Sharpe比率	-	-	0.15
年化追蹤誤差 (%)	4.19	4.91	6.55
平均每年回報 (%)	1.48	2.51	4.12

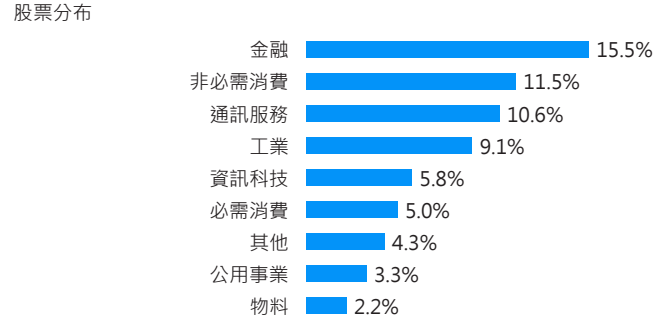
投資項目⁴⁾ (截至2025年5月底)

十大投資項目	市場	類別	%
Tencent Holdings	中國股票	通訊服務	6.4
Alibaba Group Holding	中國股票	非必需消費	4.5
China Construction Bank	中國股票	金融	3.7
China Merchants Bank	中國股票	金融	2.6
Contemporary Amperex	中國股票	工業	1.9
China Yangtze Power	中國股票	公用事業	1.8
NetEase	中國股票	通訊服務	1.7
Midea Group	中國股票	非必需消費	1.7
PetroChina	中國股票	能源	1.6
China Government Bond 2.71 16 Jun 2033 R	離岸人民幣債	定息	1.6

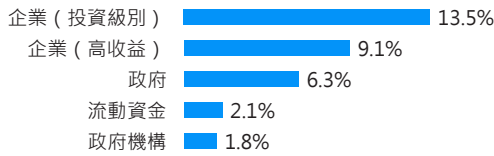
評級

晨星勳章評級	銅獎
Morningstar星號評級	★★★★
分析師評估佔比 (%)	100
數據覆蓋度 (%)	100
基金組別	大中華股債混合

投資組合分布



定息分布



查閱基金文件
請掃描二維碼



#由05.09.16起，摩根中國入息基金已作出重組。主要變更包括基金名稱、投資目標、投資範疇、基準指數及派息率。05.09.16之前的表現是在現時不再適用的情況下達致。詳情請參閱銷售文件。*該年起始的基金類別以成立日起至年底計。1)30%滬深300淨回報指數 (再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅) + 30% MSCI中國淨回報指數 + 20%摩根亞洲信貸中國總回報指數 + 20%富時點心債券總回報指數 (舊有名稱為花旗集團點心債券總回報指數。自31.07.18起，花旗集團點心債券指數已更改名稱為富時點心債券指數)。指數比重每月再調整。由摩根資產管理編訂。02.10.17以前的數據為30%滬深300淨回報指數 (再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅) + 30% MSCI中國淨回報指數 + 40%花旗集團點心債券總回報指數。05.09.16以前之數據為80%滬深300 (不包括能源、物料、工業、公用) 淨回報指數 (由中證指數有限公司編訂，再撥作投資之收益已減除預扣稅。) + 20%上證國債總回報指數。自01.10.13起之各年期指數表現，已由「總回報指數」改為「淨回報指數」。2)年化派息率 = [(1+每單位派息/除息日資產淨值) ^ 每年派息次數] - 1。年化派息率乃基於最近一次派息計算及假設收益再撥作投資，可能高於或低過實際全年派息率。正數派息率並不代表正數回報。3)除「平均每年回報」外，所有數據均以成立後第一個月月底開始計算。4)投資於任何單一實體或就任何單一實體承擔風險的總投資 (政府證券及其他公共證券除外) 不能超過有關基金總資產淨值的10%。5)自31.07.09首個投資日至今。6)《亞洲投資人》投資表現獎之頒發機構為 AsianInvestor，於所示年度頒發之獎項乃反映截至上年底表現。所有資料截至上一個月之最後計值日 (特別列明除外)。資料來源：摩根資產管理/RIMES (以報價貨幣資產淨值對資產淨值計算，收益再撥作投資。) 基金評級來源：Morningstar, Inc. 4星號評級頒發予(累計) - 美元類別 (每月派息) - 港元類別 及 (每月派息) - 美元類別; 基金晨星勳章評級銅獎頒發予(累計) - 美元類別 (每月派息) - 港元類別 (每月派息) - 人民幣對沖類別 及 (每月派息) - 美元類別 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. 債券評級來源：穆迪、標準普爾、惠譽及中國當地評級機構。中國當地評級機構的評級已轉換為國際評級機構的評級，以供計算投資組合信貸質素之用。風險評級 (如有) 乃基於摩根資產管理就各類資產之相對風險及基金過去波幅評估而定，並每年 (或適當時候) 作檢討，僅供參考。本基金於任何項目之投資比重如有超越投資限制所指定之限額，乃基於市場變動所致，並會在短期內修正。由於基金註冊地之差別，單位信託系列與SICAV系列基金用作計算公平估值 (如適用) 之估值點可能有所不同。詳情請參閱有關銷售文件。澳元/加元/歐元/英鎊/紐元/人民幣/新加坡元對沖類別 (如適用) 並不適合基本貨幣並非前述貨幣的投資者。就提供派息類別的基金而言，此等類別旨在每月/每季/每半年/每年派息，視乎個別股份類別而定。派息率並無保證。分派可能由資本撥款支付。投資回報以報價貨幣計算。若基金/類別以外幣報價，以美元/港元為本的投資者可能須承受匯率波動影響。投資涉及風險。過去業績並不代表將來表現。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情，包括風險因素。本文件未經證監會審閱，由摩根基金 (亞洲) 有限公司刊發。

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JPMorgan China Income Fund
摩根中國入息基金

April 2025 ● 2025年4月

- *This statement provides you with key information about this product.*
- *This statement is a part of the offering document.*
- *You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.*
- 本概要提供本基金的重要資料，
- 是銷售文件的一部分。
- 請勿單憑本概要作投資決定。

Quick facts 資料便覽

Manager 經理人：	JPMorgan Funds (Asia) Ltd. 摩根基金（亞洲）有限公司		
Investment Manager 投資經理人：	JPMorgan Asset Management (Asia Pacific) Limited, Hong Kong (internal delegation) 摩根資產管理（亞太）有限公司，香港（同集團委任）		
Sub-Manager 助理經理人：	JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd.^, UK (internal delegation) 英國（同集團委任） ^ JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd. is only responsible for the currency management of the Currency Hedged Classes set out in the sub-section "Ongoing charges over a year". ^ JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Ltd.只負責「全年經常性開支比率」分節所載貨幣對沖類別的貨幣管理。		
Trustee 信託管理人：	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Ltd. 滙豐機構信託服務（亞洲）有限公司		
Ongoing charges over a year 全年經常性開支比率：	(acc) - USD class (mth) - AUD (hedged) class (mth) - HKD class (mth) - RMB (hedged) class (mth) - USD class	（累計）美元類別 （每月派息）澳元對沖類別 （每月派息）港元類別 （每月派息）人民幣對沖類別 （每月派息）美元類別	1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†] 1.87% [†]
[†] The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ended 30 September 2024 and may vary from year to year. [†] 經常性開支比率是根據截至2024年9月30日的年度費用計算，每年均可能有所變動。			
Dealing frequency 交易頻率：	Daily 每日		
Base currency 基本貨幣：	USD 美元		
Dividend policy 派息政策：	For (mth) class - Monthly distribution* (discretionary). Distributions may be paid out of capital which represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount an investor originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit. For (acc) class - Accumulative (Income will be retained and reinvested within the corresponding class) （每月派息）類別 — 每月分派*（酌情決定）。分派可能從資本撥款，即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。 （累計）類別 — 累計（收益將保留並撥作投資相應類別）		
Financial year end 財政年度終結日：	30 September 9月30日		

Product Key Facts - JPMorgan China Income Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根中國入息基金

Minimum investment

最低投資額：

Lump-sum (same amount for initial/additional):

For RMB denominated Classes: RMB16,000 or its equivalent in another currency

For other Classes: USD2,000 or its equivalent in another currency

整額（首次及其後每次相同）：

就以人民幣計價的類別而言：人民幣16,000元或其他貨幣之等值

就其他類別而言：2,000美元或其他貨幣之等值

The Manager may apply a different minimum lump sum investment.

* Any distributions will be reinvested automatically in the subscription of further units of the corresponding Class of units of the Fund, or paid in cash provided certain conditions are met. Please refer to the section "DISTRIBUTION POLICY" in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund. The Manager has the sole and absolute discretion to amend the distribution policy, subject to the SFC's prior approval (if applicable) and one month's prior notice to the relevant unitholders.

經理人可設定不同的最低整筆投資額。

* 任何分派將自動再投資於認購基金相應單位類別的更多單位（或於符合若干特定情況下，以現金分派）。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收益分派政策」一節。經理人可全權酌情決定修改收益分派政策，惟須獲得證監會事先批准(如適用)，及須給予相關單位持有人一個月的事先通知。

What is this product? 本基金是甚麼產品？

This is a fund constituted in the form of a unit trust under the laws of Hong Kong.

本基金是一個根據香港法律以單位信託形式組成的基金。

Objective and investment strategy 目標及投資策略

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with income and long-term capital growth by investing primarily (i.e. at least 70% of its total net asset value) in (a) equity securities of companies which are based in, listed on any stock exchange of, or operate principally in the PRC and that the Investment Manager expects to pay dividends and (b) Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC.

The Fund may vary its asset allocation in response to market conditions. Asset allocation decisions are the result of qualitative and quantitative research into a range of fundamental factors such as economic outlook, official policy actions, market valuation levels, investor sentiment and positioning. The Manager, Investment Manager and/or Sub-Manager exercise a judgment as to the relative importance of various fundamental conditions as well as degree of conviction in establishing the asset class allocations in the Fund.

The Fund may invest up to 50% of its total net asset value in onshore PRC securities via the qualified foreign investor ("QFI") status of the Investment Manager.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its total net asset value in certain eligible China A-Shares via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect (collectively, the "China Connect") and/or other similar programs as approved by the relevant regulators from time to time.

The Fund may invest 30% or more of its total net asset value in stocks listed on the ChiNext Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and/or the Beijing Stock Exchange.

The Fund may invest up to 60% of its total net asset value in Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in or outside the PRC, including but are not limited to bonds, money market instruments and other debt securities which are issued by the Chinese issuers such as government, quasi-government organizations, agencies, financial institutions, and other corporations, organizations or entities domiciled in the PRC. The Chinese debt securities issued and/or distributed in the PRC are traded on the listed bond markets and/or the China interbank bond market (the "CIBM"). The Fund will invest in Chinese debt securities traded in the CIBM through the CIBM Initiative¹ and/or Bond Connect.

The Fund's investment through the QFI status of the Investment Manager and the CIBM Initiative will be less than 70% of its total net asset value.

The Fund may invest less than 30% of its total net asset value in aggregate in below investment grade debt securities (rated Ba1/BB+ or below using the highest rating available from one of the international independent rating agencies (e.g. Moody's, Standard and Poor's, Fitch)) or unrated securities. The Investment Manager will first consider the credit rating of a debt security itself and only if such credit rating is unavailable, the Investment Manager will then consider the credit rating of its issuer, which will become the implied rating of the relevant debt security. An unrated debt security refers to a debt security which neither the debt security itself nor its issuer has a credit rating.

The Fund may not invest more than 10% of its total net asset value in each type of the following instruments: (i) urban investment bonds²(城投債); and (ii) asset backed securities (including asset backed commercial papers).

The Fund may invest up to 20% of its total net asset value in instruments with loss-absorption features (e.g. contingent convertible debt securities, certain types of senior non-preferred debts, etc.).

The Fund may also invest in derivatives such as options, warrants, swaps and futures for investment purposes.

基金的投資目標是為投資者提供收益及長遠資本增值，為達致此目標，基金主要（即將其總資產淨值至少70%）投資於(a)以中國為基地、在當地任何證券交易所上市或主要在當地經營，且投資經理人預期會派發股息之公司之股票證券，及(b)在中國境內或境外發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券。

Product Key Facts - JPMorgan China Income Fund

產品資料概要 - 摩根中國入息基金

基金可因應市場狀況調整其資產配置。資產配置決策乃經過對經濟前景、官方政策行動、市場估值水平、投資者情緒及部署等多項基本因素進行質量研究及定量研究後作出。經理人、投資經理人及／或助理經理人在建立基金的資產類別配置時，就各種基本因素狀況的相對重要性以及看好程度作出判斷。

基金可透過投資經理人的合格境外投資者（「QFI」）資格將其總資產淨值最多50%投資於境內中國證券。

基金亦可透過「滬港通」及／或「深港通」（統稱「中華通」）將其總資產淨值最多100%投資於若干合資格中國A股及／或有關監管機構不時批准的其他類似計劃。

基金可將其總資產淨值30%或以上投資於在深圳證券交易所創業板、上海證券交易所科技創新板及／或北京證券交易所上市的股票。

基金可將其總資產淨值最多60%投資於在中國境內或境外發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券，包括但不限於由中國的政府、半政府組織、機構、金融機構等發行人，及其他在中國註冊的企業、組織或實體發行的債券、貨幣市場工具及其他債務證券。在中國發行及／或分銷的中國債務證券於中國上市債券市場及／或中國銀行間債券市場（「中國銀行間債券市場」）交易。基金將透過中國銀行間債券市場項目¹及／或債券通投資於在中國銀行間債券市場交易的中國債務證券。

基金透過投資經理人的QFI資格及中國銀行間債券市場項目所作投資將少於其總資產淨值的70%。

基金可將其總資產淨值少於30%投資於低於投資級別（被一間國際獨立評級機構（如穆迪、標準普爾及惠譽）給予評級中最高獲Ba1/BB+或以下的評級）的債務證券或未獲評級證券。投資經理人會首先考慮債務證券本身的信貸評級，並只有在有關信貸評級未能提供時，投資經理人方會考慮其發行人的信貸評級，而有關信貸評級將成為有關債務證券的隱含評級。未獲評級的債務證券指債務證券本身或其發行人均沒有信貸評級的債務證券。

基金不可將其總資產淨值10%以上投資於下列各類型工具：(i) 城投債²；及(ii) 資產抵押證券（包括資產抵押商業票據）。

基金可將其總資產淨值最多20%投資於具有吸收虧損特點的工具（例如或然可換股債務證券、若干類型的高級非優先債務等）。

基金亦可為投資目的而投資於衍生工具，例如期權、認股權證、掉期及期貨。

¹ In February 2016, the People's Bank of China announced the opening-up of the CIBM to a wider group of eligible foreign institutional investors free of quota restriction (the "CIBM Initiative").

² Urban investment bonds are debt instruments issued by mainland China local government financing vehicles ("LGFVs"). These LGFVs are separate legal entities established by local governments and/or their affiliates to raise financing for public welfare investment or infrastructure projects.

³ 2016年2月，中國人民銀行宣佈向更多合資格境外機構投資者開放中國銀行間債券市場且不設額度限制（「中國銀行間債券市場項目」）。

⁴ 城投債為中國內地地方政府融資平台（「地方政府融資平台」）發行之債務工具。此等地方政府融資平台為由地方政府及／或其聯繫人士成立之獨立法律實體，以籌集融資作為公共福利投資或基礎建設計劃之用途。

Use of derivatives 衍生工具的使用

The Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of the Fund's net asset value.

本基金的衍生工具風險承擔淨額可最多達基金資產淨值的50%。

What are the KEY RISKS? 本基金有哪些主要風險？

Investment involves risk. Please refer to the offering document(s) for details, including the risk factors.

投資涉及風險。請參閱銷售文件所載詳情，包括風險因素。

- **Investment risk** – The Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal.
- **Risk relating to dynamic asset allocation strategy** – The investments of the Fund may be periodically rebalanced and therefore the Fund may incur greater transaction costs than a fund with static allocation strategy.
- **Equity risk** – The Fund's investment in equity securities is subject to general market risks, whose value may fluctuate due to various factors, such as changes in investment sentiment, political and economic conditions and issuer-specific factors. Equity markets may fluctuate significantly with prices rising and falling sharply, and this will have a direct impact on the Fund's net asset value. When equity markets are extremely volatile, the Fund's net asset value may fluctuate substantially and the Fund could suffer substantial loss.
- **China market risk** – Investing in the securities markets in the PRC is subject to the risks of investing in emerging markets generally and the risks specific to the PRC market. Investments in the PRC will be sensitive to any significant change in political, social or economic policy in the PRC which includes possible government intervention. Such sensitivity may, for the reasons specified above, adversely affect the capital growth and thus the performance of these investments. The PRC government's control of currency conversion and future movements in exchange rates may adversely affect the operations and financial results of the companies that issue the relevant PRC securities invested in by the Fund. In light of the above mentioned factors, the price of PRC securities may fall significantly in certain circumstances and may have an adverse effect on the Fund's performance. The choice of "A", "B" and "H" share issues currently available to the Manager may be limited as compared with the choice available in other markets. There may also be a lower level of liquidity and trading volume in the PRC "A" and "B" share markets, which are relatively smaller in terms of both combined total market value and the number of "A" and "B" shares which are available for investment as compared with other markets. This could potentially lead to severe price volatility. There may also be potential settlement difficulties in the PRC market.

In addition, trading band limits may be imposed by the PRC stock exchanges on China A-Shares, where trading in a China A-Share security on the relevant PRC stock exchange may be suspended if the trading price of such security has increased or decreased to the extent beyond the trading band limit. A suspension will render it impossible for the Fund to liquidate its positions (if any) in such security. Also, it may not be possible for the Fund to liquidate positions at a favourable price even when the suspension is lifted. Such trading band limit may therefore adversely affect the Fund's investment in China A-Shares. The PRC government or the regulators may also implement policies that may affect the financial markets.

- **Risks associated with debt securities** – the Fund's investments in debt securities are subject to the following risks:
 - **Valuation risk** – Valuation of the Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the net asset value calculation of the Fund.
 - **Credit risk** – If the issuer of any of the securities in which the Fund's assets are invested defaults, the performance of the Fund will be adversely affected and the Fund could suffer substantial loss. For fixed income securities, a default on interest or principal may adversely impact the performance of the Fund. Decline in credit quality of the issuer may adversely affect the valuation of the relevant bonds and the Fund. The credit ratings assigned by credit rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or the issuer at all times.
 - **Investment grade bond risk** – Investment grade bonds are assigned ratings within the top rating categories by rating agencies (including but not limited to Fitch, Moody's and/or Standard & Poor's) on the basis of the creditworthiness or risk of default of a bond issue. Rating agencies review such assigned ratings and bonds may therefore be downgraded in rating if economic circumstances (e.g. subject to market or other conditions) impact the relevant bond issues. Downgrading of the bonds may adversely affect the value of the relevant bonds and therefore the performance of the Fund. The Fund may or may not be able to dispose of the bonds that are downgraded. Also, the Fund may face higher risks of default in interest payment and principal repayment. As a result, investors may get back less than they originally invested.
 - **Below investment grade/unrated investment risk** – The Fund may invest in bonds and other debt securities which are unrated or with ratings below investment grade. Accordingly, such investment will be accompanied by a higher degree of credit and liquidity risks than is present with investment in higher rated securities. During economic downturns such bonds typically fall more in value than investment grade bonds as such are often subject to a higher risk of issuer default. The NAV of the Fund may decline or be negatively affected if there is a default of any of the high yield bond that the Fund invests in or if interest rates change.
 - **Interest rate risk** – Investment in the Fund is subject to interest rate risk. In general, the prices of debt securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.
 - **Sovereign debt risk** – The Fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.
- **Concentration risk** – The Fund may concentrate its investments in the PRC. Investors should be aware that the Fund is likely to be more volatile than a more broadly diversified fund. The value of the Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting that geographic area.
- **Smaller companies risk** – The stock prices of small and medium-sized companies may tend to be more volatile than large-sized companies due to a lower degree of liquidity, greater sensitivity to changes in economic conditions and higher uncertainty over future growth prospects.
- **Risks associated with the investments in stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange and/or the ChiNext Board of the SZSE and/or the STAR Board of the SSE** – The Fund may invest in the stocks listed on Beijing Stock Exchange, the ChiNext Board of the SZSE and/or the STAR Board of the SSE and thus may result in significant losses for the Fund and its investors. Such investments are subject to the following risks:
 - Beijing Stock Exchange and STAR Board are newly established and may have a limited number of listed companies during the initial stage. Investments in stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange and STAR Board may be concentrated in a small number of stocks and subject the Fund to higher concentration risk.
 - Listed companies on the Beijing Stock Exchange, the ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board are usually innovative and growth enterprises of emerging nature with smaller operating scale. Listed companies on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board are subject to wider price fluctuation limits, and due to higher entry thresholds for investors, stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board may have limited liquidity, compared to those listed on other boards. Hence, they are subject to higher fluctuation in stock prices and liquidity risks and have higher risks and turnover ratios than companies listed on the main boards of the SSE and SZSE. Due to different trading rules, daily price movements are limited to 30% on the Beijing Stock Exchange and 20% on the ChiNext market and the STAR Board, which are higher than the limits on the main boards of the SSE and SZSE. Therefore the securities traded on these markets may be subject to a higher volatility risk than securities of relevant sectors traded in the main boards of the SSE and SZSE.

- Stocks listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board may be given a higher valuation and such exceptionally high valuation may not be sustainable. Stock price may be more susceptible to manipulation due to fewer circulating shares.
- The rules and regulations applicable to companies listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and STAR Board are less stringent in terms of profitability and share capital than those on the main boards of the SSE and the SZSE.
- It may be more common and faster for companies listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange, ChiNext Board and/or STAR Board to delist. This may have an adverse impact on the Fund if the companies that it invests in are delisted.
- A company listed on the Beijing Stock Exchange in which the Fund invests may apply for transfer of listing to the ChiNext Board of the SZSE or the STAR Board of the SSE, if permitted by the applicable laws and regulations, subject to meeting the listing requirements of the CSRC and the SSE or SZSE (as the case may be). The application for transfer of listing will be subject to the review and approval by SSE or SZSE (as the case may be). The application for transfer of listing, whether successful or not, may cause fluctuations in the price of the relevant stock, and hence the net asset value of the Fund.
- **Risks associated with CIBM** – Investing in the CIBM via the CIBM Initiative and/or Bond Connect is subject to regulatory risks and various risks such as volatility risk, liquidity risk, settlement and counterparty risk as well as other risk factors typically applicable to debt securities. The relevant rules and regulations on investment in the CIBM via the CIBM Initiative and/or Bond Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. In the event that the relevant PRC authorities suspend account opening or trading on the CIBM, the Fund's ability to invest in the CIBM will be adversely affected. In such event, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective will be negatively affected. There are also risks and uncertainties associated with the current PRC tax laws, regulations and practice on the Fund's investments in the PRC.
- **"Dim Sum" bond (i.e. bonds issued outside of the PRC but denominated in RMB) market risks** – The "Dim Sum" bond market is still a relatively small market which is more susceptible to volatility and illiquidity. The operation of the "Dim Sum" bond market as well as new issuances could be disrupted causing a fall in the net asset value of the Fund should there be any promulgation of new rules which limit or restrict the ability of issuers to raise RMB by way of bond issuances and/or reversal or suspension of the liberalisation of the offshore RMB (CNH) market by the relevant regulator(s).
- **Risks associated with China Connect** – The Fund will be able to trade certain eligible stocks listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange ("SSE") and/or Shenzhen Stock Exchange ("SZSE") and/or the Science and Technology Innovation Board ("STAR Board") of the SSE through China Connect and thus is subject to the following risks:
 - The relevant rules and regulations on China Connect are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. There is no certainty as to how they will be applied.
 - The program is subject to daily quota limitations which may restrict the Fund's ability to invest in China A-Shares through the program on a timely basis.
 - Where a suspension in the trading through the program is effected, the Fund's ability to access the PRC market will be adversely affected. In such event, the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective could be negatively affected.
 - The program requires the development of new information technology systems on the part of the stock exchanges and exchange participants and may be subject to operational risk. If the relevant systems failed to function properly, trading in both Hong Kong and Shanghai/Shenzhen markets through the program could be disrupted. The Fund's ability to access the China A-Share market (and hence to pursue its investment strategy) will be adversely affected.
 - PRC regulations impose certain restrictions on selling and hence the Fund may not be able to dispose of holdings of China A-Shares in a timely manner.
 - A stock may be recalled from the scope of eligible stocks for trading via China Connect. This may affect the investment portfolio or strategies of the Fund.
 - Trading in securities through the program may be subject to clearing and settlement risk. If the PRC clearing house defaults on its obligation to deliver securities/make payment, the Fund may suffer delays in recovering its losses or may not be able to fully recover its losses.
 - The Fund may not be able to participate in some corporate actions in respect of the SSE/SZSE securities in a timely manner. Also, the Fund may not be able to appoint proxies to attend or participate in shareholders' meetings in respect of the SSE/SZSE securities.
- **QFI risk** – The Fund's ability to make the relevant investments or to fully implement or pursue its investment objective and strategy is subject to the applicable laws, rules and regulations (including restrictions on investments and repatriation of principal and profits) in the PRC, which are subject to change and such change may have potential retrospective effect. The Fund itself is not a QFI, but may invest directly in QFI eligible securities via the QFI status of the Investment Manager and/or other QFI holders. The QFI status could be revoked, in particular because of material violations of rules and regulations by the QFI. If the Investment Manager loses its QFI status, the Fund may not be able to invest directly in QFI eligible securities and may be required to dispose of its holdings which would likely have a material adverse effect on the Fund. There can be no assurance that redemption requests can be processed in a timely manner due to adverse changes in relevant laws or regulations, including changes in QFI repatriation restrictions. Such restrictions may result in suspension of dealings of the Fund. Investments in QFI eligible securities will be made through the QFI in Renminbi. The Fund may suffer substantial losses if any of the key operators or parties

(including QFI custodian/brokers) is bankrupt/in default and/or is disqualified from performing its obligations (including execution or settlement of any transaction or transfer of monies or securities). The Fund will be exposed to any fluctuation in the exchange rate between US dollars and Renminbi in respect of such investments.

- **PRC brokerage risk** – The execution and settlement of transactions or the transfer of any funds or securities may be conducted by PRC Brokers appointed by the Investment Manager (as QFI holder). There is a risk that the Fund may suffer significant losses from the default, disqualification or bankruptcy of the PRC Brokers, including losses of any futures margin held by PRC futures brokers in the event of their bankruptcy. In these events, the Fund may be adversely affected in the execution or settlement of any transaction or in the transfer of any funds or securities. In selection of PRC Brokers, the Investment Manager (as QFI holder) will have regard to factors such as the competitiveness of commission rates, size of the relevant orders and execution standards. The Investment Manager will exercise reasonable care and diligence in the selection, appointment and ongoing monitoring of the PRC Brokers and ensure it is satisfied that the PRC Brokers remain suitably qualified and competent to provide the relevant service. If the Investment Manager considers appropriate, it is possible that a single PRC Broker will be appointed and the Fund may not necessarily pay the lowest commission available in the market.
- **Emerging markets risk** – The Fund invests in emerging markets which may involve increased risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, legal and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility. Accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards in emerging markets may be less rigorous than international standards. There is a possibility of nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, foreign exchange control, political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments which could affect adversely the economies of emerging markets or the value of the Fund's investments.
- **PRC tax risk consideration** – There are risks and uncertainties associated with the current PRC tax laws, regulations and practice on the Fund's investments in the PRC. Any increased tax liabilities on the Fund may adversely affect the Fund's value. The Manager, Investment Manager and Sub-Manager reserve the right to provide for tax on gains of the Fund that invests in PRC securities thus impacting the valuation of the Fund. Based on professional and independent tax advice, except for gains from China A-Shares trading through China Connect or Qualified Foreign Investors and interest derived by foreign institutional investors from bonds traded on PRC bond market which are specifically exempt under temporary exemptions from the prevailing PRC tax regulations, a tax provision of 10% is fully provided for all PRC sourced income (including gains from PRC securities, dividends and interest) until sufficient clarity is given by the PRC authorities to exempt specific types of PRC sourced income (eg. gains from PRC bonds). With the uncertainty of whether and how certain gains on PRC securities are to be taxed, the possibility of the laws, regulations and practice in the PRC changing, and the possibility of taxes being applied retrospectively, any provision for taxation made by the Manager, the Investment Manager and/or the Sub-Manager may be excessive or inadequate to meet final PRC tax liabilities on gains derived from the disposal of PRC securities. In case of any shortfall between the provisions and actual tax liabilities, which will be debited from the Funds' assets, the Funds' net asset value will be adversely affected. Depending on the timing of investors' subscriptions and/or redemptions, they may be disadvantaged as a result of any shortfall of tax provision and/or not having the right to claim any part of the overprovision (as the case may be).
- **Currency risk** – The assets in which the Fund is invested and the income from the assets will or may be quoted in currency which are different from the Fund's base currency. The performance of the Fund will therefore be affected by changes in exchange rate controls and movements in the exchange rate between the currencies in which the assets are held and Fund's currency of denomination. Investors whose base currency is different (or not in a currency linked to the Fund's currency of denomination) may be exposed to additional currency risk.
- **Liquidity risk** – The Fund may invest in instruments where the volume of transactions may fluctuate significantly depending on market sentiment or which are traded infrequently or on comparatively small markets. There is a risk that investments made by the Fund are less liquid compared to more developed markets or may become less liquid in response to market developments or adverse investor perceptions, particularly in respect of larger transaction sizes. An inability to sell a portfolio position can adversely affect the Fund's value or prevent the Fund from being able to take advantage of other investment opportunities.
- **Derivatives risk** – Risks associated with derivatives include counterparty/credit risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, volatility risk and over-the-counter transaction risk. The leverage element/component of a derivative can result in a loss significantly greater than the amount invested in the derivatives by the Fund. Exposure to derivatives may lead to a high risk of significant loss by the Fund.
- **Class currency risk** – The Class Currency of each Class may be different from the Fund's base currency, the currencies of which the Fund's assets are invested and/or investors' base currencies of investment. If an investor converts its base currency of investment to the Class Currency in order to invest in a particular Class and subsequently converts the redemption proceeds from that Class Currency back to its original base currency of investment, the investor may suffer a loss due to the depreciation of the Class Currency against the original currency. For example, if an investor whose base currency of investment is Hong Kong dollars (i.e. not RMB) and chooses to invest in the RMB Class, the investor may be exposed to a higher currency risk. The investor may suffer a higher loss as a result of exchange rate fluctuations between Hong Kong dollars and RMB upon the reconversion of its RMB investment back to Hong Kong dollars as compared to an investor whose base currency of investment is originally in RMB.

- **RMB currency risk** – RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control policies of and repatriation restrictions imposed by the Chinese government. If such policies change in future, the Fund's or the investors' position may be adversely affected. There is no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation, in which case the value of the investments will be adversely affected. Some investments acquired by the Fund will be denominated in RMB whereas the Fund is denominated in USD. Investors are exposed to the movements of the exchange rate between USD and RMB. Investors may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to USD. Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

Class(es) denominated in RMB will generally be valued with reference to RMB (CNH) rather than RMB (CNY). Class(es) denominated in RMB participate in the offshore RMB (CNH) market, which allow investors to freely transact CNH outside of mainland China. Class(es) denominated in RMB will have no requirement to remit CNH to onshore RMB (CNY). Non-RMB based investors (e.g. Hong Kong investors) in Class(es) denominated in RMB may have to convert HK dollars or other currencies into RMB when investing in Class(es) denominated in RMB and subsequently convert the RMB redemption proceeds and/or distributions (if any) back to HK dollars or such other currencies. Investors will incur currency conversion costs and may suffer losses depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to HK dollars or such other currencies. Also, there can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation and any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of the investor's investment in the Fund.

- **Currency Hedged Classes risk** – Each Currency Hedged Class may hedge the Fund's denominated currency back to its currency of denomination, with an aim to provide a return on investment which correlates with the return of the Class of unit which is denominated in the base currency of the Fund. The costs and resultant profit or loss on the hedging transactions will be reflected in the net asset value per unit for the units of the relevant Currency Hedged Classes. The costs relating to such hedging transactions which may be significant depending on prevailing market conditions shall be borne by that Currency Hedged Class only.

The precise hedging strategy applied to a particular Currency Hedged Class may vary. In addition, there is no guarantee that the desired hedging instruments will be available or hedging strategy will achieve its desired result. In such circumstances, investors of the Currency Hedged Class may still be subject to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis (which means that, for example, if the hedging strategy in respect of the RMB Hedged Class is ineffective, depending on the exchange rate movements of RMB relative to the base currency of the Fund, and/or other currency(ies) of the non-RMB denominated underlying investment of the Fund, (i) investors may still suffer losses even if there are gains or no losses in the value of the non-RMB denominated underlying investments; or (ii) investors may suffer additional losses if the non-RMB denominated underlying investments of the Fund fall in value). If the counterparties of the instruments used for hedging purposes default, investors of the Currency Hedged Classes may be exposed to the currency exchange risk on an unhedged basis and may therefore suffer further losses. While the hedging strategy may protect investors of the Currency Hedged Classes against a decrease in the value of the Fund's base currency relative to the denominated currency of that Currency Hedged Class, the hedging strategy may substantially limit the benefits of any potential increase in the value of a Currency Hedged Class expressed in the Class currency, if the Currency Hedged Class' denominating currency falls against the base currency of the Fund.

- **Payment of distributions out of capital risk** – Where the income generated by the Fund is insufficient to pay a distribution as the Fund declares, the Manager may in its discretion determine such distributions may be paid from capital including realised and unrealised capital gains. Investors should note that the payment of distributions out of capital represents a return or withdrawal of part of the amount they originally invested or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. As a result, the capital that the Fund has available for investment in the future and capital growth may be reduced. Any payments of distributions by the Fund may result in an immediate decrease in the net asset value per unit. Also, a positive distribution yield does not imply a positive return on the total investment. The distribution amount and net asset value per unit of a Currency Hedged Class may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the reference currency of the relevant Currency Hedged Class and the Fund's base currency, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other Classes of units.

The distribution amount and NAV of the Currency Hedged Classes may be adversely affected by differences in the interest rates of the denominated currency of the Currency Hedged Classes and the base currency of the Fund, resulting in an increase in the amount of distribution that is paid out of capital and hence a greater erosion of capital than other non-Currency Hedged Classes.

- **Hedging risk** – The Manager and the Investment Manager are permitted, in their absolute discretion, but not obliged, to use hedging techniques to attempt to reduce market and currency risks. There is no guarantee that hedging techniques if used, will achieve the desired result nor that hedging techniques will be used, in those cases, the Fund may be exposed to the existing market and currency risks and may be adversely impacted. The hedging, if any, against foreign exchange risks may or may not be up to 100% of assets of the Fund.

- **投資風險** — 基金的投資組合之價值或會因以下任何主要風險因素而下跌，閣下於基金之投資或會因而蒙受損失。概無保證本金將獲償還。
- **有關動態資產配置策略的風險** — 基金的投資或會定期重新調整比重，以致基金所招致的交易費用或會較採用固定配置策略的基金為高。
- **股票風險** — 基金於股票證券之投資須承受一般市場風險，股票證券的價值或會因多項因素而波動，例如投資氣氛、政治及經濟狀況及發行人特定因素的變動。股票市場可能大幅波動，而股價可能急升急跌，並將直接影響基金的資產淨值。當股票市場極為反覆時，基金的資產淨值可能大幅波動，而基金可能需蒙受重大損失。

- **中國市場風險** — 投資中國證券市場須承受投資新興市場的一般風險和中國市場特有的風險。在中國進行之投資將容易受到中國政治、社會或經濟政策任何重大變動之影響，包括可能之政府干預。基於上述特定理由，此種敏感度可能對資本增長，以至此等投資的表現帶來不利影響。中國政府對貨幣轉換之控制及匯率未來之變動，可能對發行基金所投資的相關中國證券之公司之營運及財務業績帶來不利影響。鑑於上述因素，中國證券之價格可能會在若干情況下大幅下跌，可能對基金之表現造成不利影響。現時可供經理人選擇之「A」、「B」及「H」股之發行，與其他市場可提供之選擇比較可能相對有限。中國「A」股及「B」股市場之流通性及交易量亦可能較低，與其他市場相比，該兩個市場就綜合總市值及可供投資「A」股及「B」股數目而言均相對較少。此情況可能導致股價大幅波動。中國市場亦可能存在潛在結算困難。

此外，中國證券交易所可能對中國A股施行交易波幅限額，據此，倘若某一中國A股證券的買賣價已上升或下跌至超逾交易波幅限額，該證券在有關證券交易所的買賣可能會被暫停。暫停買賣將使基金無法為其於該證券之持倉（如有）進行平倉。此外，即使暫停買賣其後解除，基金未必可按理想的價格平倉。該交易波幅限額可能因而對基金於中國A股之投資造成不利影響。中國政府或監管機構亦可能實施可能影響金融市場的政策。

- **與債務證券相關的風險** — 基金於債務證券之投資須承受以下風險：
 - **估值風險** — 本基金的投資估值或會涉及不明朗因素及判定性的決定。倘若該等估值不正確，此可能影響本基金的資產淨值計算。
 - **信貸風險** — 倘若基金之資產所投資之任何證券之發行人違約，基金之表現將會受到不利影響，而基金可能蒙受重大損失。定息證券不履行支付利息或本金之責任或會對基金之表現造成不利影響。發行人的信貸質素降低，或會對有關債券及基金之估值造成不利影響。信貸評級機構給予的信貸評級存在局限，並不保證證券及／或發行人在所有時候的信用可靠性。
 - **投資級別債券風險** — 投資級別債券獲信貸評級機構（包括但不限於惠譽、穆迪及／或標準普爾）於信用可靠性或債券發行的違約風險的基礎上給予屬於高評級界別的評級。評級機構覆核該等評級。倘若經濟環境（例如市場或其他情況）影響有關債券發行，該等債券的評級可能因此被下調。債券評級的下調或會對該等債券之價值造成不利影響，基金的表現亦可能因而受到不利影響。本基金不一定能夠出售被下調評級的債券。此外，基金可能面對較高不獲履行支付利息及償還本金之責任的風險。因此，投資者收回的金額可能低於原本的投資額。
 - **低於投資級別／未獲評級投資之風險** — 基金可投資於未獲評級或評級低於投資級別之債券及其他債務證券。因此，該等投資將承受較其他評級較高的證券為高之信貸及流通性風險。於經濟下滑時，該等債券一般較投資級別債券價格跌幅更大，因其通常承受較高之發行人違約風險。當基金投資的任何高收益債券違約或如利率改變，基金資產淨值或會下跌或受負面影響。
 - **利率風險** — 於基金之投資須承受利率風險。通常，債務證券之價格會隨利率下降而上升；隨利率上升而下跌。
 - **主權債務風險** — 基金投資於由政府發行或擔保的證券，可能承受政治、社會及經濟風險。在不利情況下，主權發行人未必能夠或願意在到期應付時償還本金及／或利息，或會要求基金參與該等債務的重組。主權債務發行人違約時，基金可能蒙受重大損失。
- **集中風險** — 本基金可能集中投資於中國。投資者應注意本基金相比更廣泛分散投資的基金較為波動。本基金的價值可能較容易受到影響該地區的不利經濟、政治、政策、外匯、流通性、稅務、法律或監管事件所影響。
- **小型公司風險** — 由於中小型公司的流通性較低、較容易受經濟狀況轉變影響，以及未來增長前景亦較為不確定，所以股價可能會較大型公司更為波動。
- **與投資於在北京證券交易所及／或深交所創業板及／或上交所科創板上市的股票相關的風險** — 基金可投資於在北京證券交易所、深交所創業板及／或上交所科創板上市的股票，因此可能導致基金及其投資者蒙受重大損失。有關投資須承受以下風險：
 - 北京證券交易所及科創板為新設立，初期的上市公司數目有限。於在北京證券交易所及科創板上市的股票投資可能集中於少數股票，故基金或會承受較高的集中風險。
 - 北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板的上市公司通常屬新興性質的創新及增長型企業，經營規模較小。北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市公司的股價浮動限制較寬，並基於投資者入場門檻較高，故於北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市的股票流通性相比其他交易板塊上市的有限。因此，相較於在上交所及深交所主板上市的公司承受較高的股價波動及流通性風險，且面臨更高的風險，換手率亦更高。由於交易規則不同，北京證券交易所的每日價格波動限制為30%，而創業板及科創板為20%，均高於上交所及深交所主板的限制。因此，在該等市場交易的證券可能比在上交所及深交所主板交易的有關行業的證券承受更高的波動性風險。
 - 北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板上市的股票估值可能較高，而該極高估值可能無法持續。由於流通股較少，股價可能更易被操控。
 - 適用於在北京證券交易所、創業板及科創板上市的公司規則及規例在盈利能力及股本方面可能不及上交所及深交所主板的有關規則及規例嚴格。

- 在北京證券交易所、創業板及／或科創板上市的公司發生除牌可能更為普遍及迅速。倘若基金投資的公司被除牌，可能對基金構成不利影響。
- 如獲適用法律及規例允許，並符合中國證監會及上交所或深交所（視乎情況而定）的上市規定，基金投資的在北京證券交易所上市的公司可申請轉板至深交所創業板或上交所科創板。轉板申請將由上交所或深交所（視乎情況而定）審核及批准。轉板申請（不論是否成功）可能導致有關股票的價格出現波動，因此令基金的資產淨值亦出現波動。
- **與中國銀行間債券市場相關的風險** — 透過中國銀行間債券市場項目及／或債券通投資於中國銀行間債券市場須承受監管風險及多項風險，例如波幅風險、流通性風險、結算和交易對象風險以及一般適用於債務證券的其他風險因素。透過中國銀行間債券市場項目及／或債券通投資於中國銀行間債券市場的相關規則及規例或會變更，且可能具有追溯效力。倘若在中國銀行間債券市場開立帳戶或進行交易被中國有關當局暫停，則基金投資於中國銀行間債券市場的能力將受到不利影響。在該情況下，基金達致其投資目標的能力將受負面影響。與基金於中國之投資有關的中國現行稅務法律、法規及慣例亦存在風險及不確定性。
- **「點心」債券（即在中國境外發行但以人民幣計價的債券）市場風險** — 「點心」債券市場的規模仍然較小，更易出現波動且缺乏流通性。倘有關監管機構頒佈限制或約束發行人透過債券發行籌集人民幣的任何新規例，及／或逆轉或暫停境外人民幣(CNH)市場的自由化進程，則「點心」債券市場之運作以及新債發行可能會中斷，導致基金資產淨值下跌。
- **與「中華通」相關的風險** — 基金將能通過「中華通」買賣在上海證券交易所（「上交所」）及／或深圳證券交易所（「深交所」）及／或上交所科技創新板（「科創板」）上市的若干合資格股票，故此須承受以下風險：
 - 「中華通」的有關規則及規例可能會變更，並可能具潛在追溯效力，將會如何被應用仍是未知之數。
 - 「中華通」機制受每日額度限制之規限，可能限制基金及時地通過「中華通」投資於中國A股的能力。
 - 倘若通過「中華通」機制進行的交易遭暫停，基金進入中國市場的能力將受到不利影響。在該情況下，基金達致其投資目標的能力會受負面影響。
 - 「中華通」機制需要證券交易所及交易所參與者開發新的資訊科技系統，故可能承受操作風險。如果有關系統未能正常運作，香港及上海／深圳市場通過「中華通」進行的交易可能受到干擾。基金進入中國A股市場（從而執行其投資策略）的能力將受到不利影響。
 - 中國法規實施若干沽出限制，因此基金可能無法及時出售所持有的中國A股。
 - 「中華通」合資格股票可能被調出「中華通」範圍，這對基金的投資組合或策略可能有影響。
 - 通過「中華通」買賣證券可能承受交收及結算風險。如果中國結算公司未能履行其交付證券／支付的責任，基金可能在追討損失上遇上延誤，或可能無法完全取回全數損失。
 - 基金或許不能及時參與上交所／深交所證券的若干企業行動。此外，基金或許不能委任代表出席或參與上交所／深交所證券的股東大會。
- **QFI風險** — 基金作出有關投資或全面落實或履行其投資目標及策略的能力須受中國的適用法律、規則及規例規限（包括有關投資以及匯出本金及溢利的限制），而有關法律、規則及規例可能會變更，並可能具潛在追溯效力。基金本身並非QFI，但可藉著投資經理人及／或其他QFI持有人之QFI資格直接投資於QFI允許之證券。QFI資格可被撤銷，尤其是因為QFI嚴重違反有關之條例及規定。倘若投資經理人失去其QFI資格，本基金未必能夠直接投資QFI允許之證券及可能因被要求出售其持有之投資而對本基金造成重大不利影響。概不能保證贖回要求可因有關法律或規例的不利改變，包括QFI調回限制的轉變而適時處理。該等限制可能導致基金暫停買賣。透過QFI作出之QFI允許之證券的投資以人民幣進行。如果任何主要營運商或訂約方（包括QFI託管人／經紀）破產／違責及／或喪失履行其責任的資格（包括執行或結算任何交易或轉讓資金或證券），基金可能招致重大損失。基金將就該等投資承受美元兌人民幣的任何匯率波動之影響。
- **中國經紀風險** — 交易之執行及結算或任何資金或證券之轉讓可能由投資經理人（作為QFI持有人）委任的中國經紀進行。本基金或會蒙受由於中國經紀違責、喪失資格或破產而導致重大損失之風險，包括在其破產時，由中國期貨經紀持有之任何期貨保證金的損失。於此等情況下，本基金可能於執行及結算任何交易或轉讓任何資金或證券時受到不利影響。於挑選中國經紀時，投資經理人（作為QFI持有人）將考慮佣金收費率之競爭力、相關指示的規模及執行標準等因素。投資經理人將於挑選、委任及持續監察中國經紀的過程中作出合理的謹慎和努力，並確保中國經紀維持適當的資格及足夠的能力提供相關服務。如投資經理人認為適當，單一中國經紀可能會獲委任，而本基金未必支付市場上可得的最低佣金。
- **新興市場風險** — 基金投資於新興市場，或會涉及更高風險以及投資於較成熟的市場時一般不會涉及之特殊考慮因素，例如流通性風險、貨幣風險／管制、政治及經濟不明朗因素、法律及稅務風險、結算風險、託管風險，以及可能出現大幅波動。新興市場的會計、審計及財務申報標準可能不如國際標準嚴格。國有化、徵用私產或充公性稅項、外匯管制、政治變動、政府規例、社會不穩定或外交發展均有可能對新興市場經濟或本基金之投資價值構成不利影響。
- **中國稅務風險考慮** — 與基金於中國之投資有關的中國現行稅務法律、法規及慣例存在風險及不確定性。倘基金承受的稅項負擔增加，可能對基金價值造成不利影響。經理人、投資經理人及助理經理人保留就基金投資於中國證券的收益作出稅項撥備的權利，此可能影響基金的估值。根據專業及獨立的稅務意見，除按中國現行稅務法規之暫時豁免獲特定豁免之透過中華通或合格境外投資者買賣中國A股所得收益以及境外機構投資者從中國債券市場所賺取的債券利息外，已就所有從中國賺取之收入（包括中國證券、股息及利息的收益）作出10%的全額稅項撥備，直至中國當局發出足夠明確的指引豁免特定種類之從中國賺取的收入（如中國債券的收益）為止。

由於未能確定中國證券的若干收益是否或如何被徵稅、中國的法律、法規及慣例可能更改及稅項可能被追溯繳納，經理人、投資經理人及／或助理經理人為出售中國證券所獲取之收益而提撥的任何稅務準備可能會過多或不足以應付最終的中國稅項負擔。任何因撥備少於實際稅項負擔而造成之短缺將於該等基金的資產中扣除，對該等基金之資產淨值將造成不利影響。視乎投資者認購及／或贖回之時間，投資者可能因任何稅項撥備不足及／或無權要求獲得超額撥備之任何部份（視情況而定）而受到不利影響。

- **貨幣風險** — 本基金投資之資產及其收益將或可能以與本基金之基本貨幣不同之貨幣計價。因此，本基金之表現將受外匯管制變動及所持資產之貨幣兌本基金之結算貨幣之匯率變動所影響。基本貨幣有所不同（或並非與本基金之結算貨幣掛鈎之貨幣）之投資者可能會承受額外之貨幣風險。
- **流通性風險** — 本基金可投資於其交易量或會因市場情緒而顯著波動之工具，或不經常買賣或在相對較小的市場買賣的工具。本基金作出之投資或會面對流通性不及較成熟的市場之風險，或因應市場發展及投資者之相反看法而變得流通性不足之風險，特別是就較大規模的交易而言尤甚。基金在未能出售其投資組合持倉的情況下，可能會對基金的價值產生不利影響或因此未能從其他投資機會中獲益。
- **衍生工具風險** — 與衍生工具相關的風險包括交易對象／信貸風險、流通性風險、估值風險、波動風險及場外交易風險。衍生工具的槓桿元素／成分可能導致虧損大幅高於本基金投資於衍生工具的金額。投資於衍生工具可能導致本基金蒙受大幅虧損的高風險。
- **類別貨幣風險** — 各類別之類別貨幣可能不同於基金之基本貨幣及其所投資的資產之貨幣及／或投資者之投資的基本貨幣。倘若投資者將其投資之基本貨幣轉換為類別貨幣以投資於一特定類別，及於其後將贖回所得由該類別貨幣轉換至其原有之投資基本貨幣，投資者可能因該類別貨幣對該原有貨幣貶值而蒙受損失。舉例而言，倘投資者之投資基本貨幣為港元（即非人民幣）而選擇投資於人民幣類別，則該投資者可能承受較高的貨幣風險。與以人民幣為原有之投資基本貨幣的投資者相比，該投資者可能因在將其人民幣投資再轉換回港元時，港元與人民幣之匯率波動而蒙受較高損失。
- **人民幣貨幣風險** — 人民幣現時不可自由兌換，須遵守由中國政府實施的外匯管制政策及資金匯出限制。如該等政策將來有所變動，基金或投資者之持倉可能受到不利影響。概無法保證人民幣不會貶值，而其在該情況下的投資價值將受到不利影響。基金購入的某些投資將以人民幣計價，而基金以美元計價。投資者承受美元與人民幣之間的匯率變動。投資者可能會蒙受損失，視乎人民幣相對於美元的匯率走勢而定。境外人民幣(CNH)及境內人民幣(CNY)雖屬相同貨幣，但以不同匯率買賣。境外人民幣(CNH)與境內人民幣(CNY)間出現任何差異，可能對投資者造成不利影響。在特殊情況下，以人民幣支付的贖回款項及／或分派或會因人民幣適用的外匯管制政策及限制而被延誤。

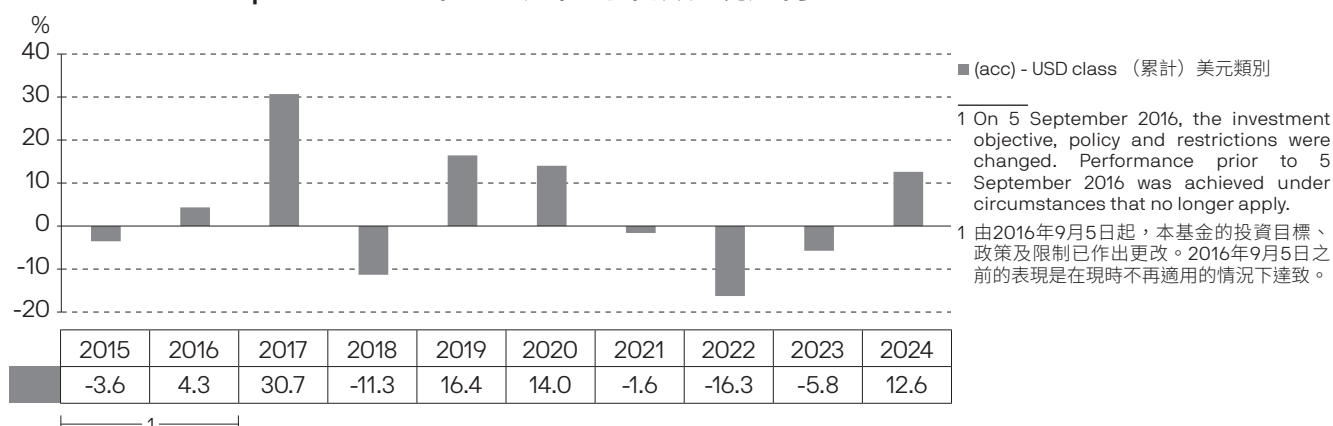
人民幣類別一般參考境外人民幣(CNH)而非境內人民幣(CNY)計價。以人民幣計價的類別參與境外人民幣(CNH)市場，可在中國大陸境外自由交易境外人民幣(CNH)。以人民幣計價的類別毋須將境外人民幣(CNH)匯成境內人民幣(CNY)。並非以人民幣為基本貨幣的投資者（如香港投資者），在投資以人民幣計價的類別時可能須將港元或其他貨幣兌換為人民幣，其後亦須將人民幣贖回所得款項及／或人民幣分派（如有）兌換為港元或該等其他貨幣。投資者將招致匯兌成本，並可能蒙受損失，視乎人民幣相對於港元或該等其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定。此外，不能保證人民幣不會貶值，而人民幣貶值可對投資者於基金的投資價值產生不利影響。
- **貨幣對沖類別風險** — 各貨幣對沖類別可將基金之計價貨幣對沖回其計價貨幣，旨在提供與以基金之基本貨幣計價的類別相關的投資回報。對沖交易的成本及所得盈虧將會反映於有關貨幣對沖類別單位之每單位資產淨值內。有關該等對沖交易的任何成本視乎當前市況而定可屬重大，將只由該貨幣對沖類別承擔。

應用於某特定貨幣對沖類別之確切對沖策略或會不同。此外，概不保證能夠獲得預期的對沖工具或對沖策略將會達到預期效果。在該等情況下，貨幣對沖類別之投資者可能仍需承受未對沖之貨幣兌換風險(舉例而言，如人民幣對沖類別之對沖策略無效，視乎人民幣相對於基金的基本貨幣，及／或該基金的非人民幣計價相關資產的其他貨幣的匯率走勢而定：(i)即使非人民幣計價的相關資產的價值上有收益或並無虧損，投資者仍可能蒙受損失；或(ii)如基金的非人民幣計價相關投資的價值下跌，投資者可能蒙受額外損失)。倘若用作對沖目的之工具之交易對象違約，貨幣對沖類別的投資者可能承受未對沖的貨幣兌換風險及可能因此承受進一步損失。

儘管對沖策略可能保護貨幣對沖類別的投資者免受基金的基本貨幣相對於貨幣對沖類別之計價貨幣之價值下跌所影響，惟倘若貨幣對沖類別之計價貨幣對基金之基本貨幣下跌，則該對沖策略可能大幅限制以類別貨幣列值的貨幣對沖類別之任何潛在升值的利益。
- **從資本撥款作出分派之風險** — 當基金所產生之收入並不足夠支付基金宣佈之分派時，經理人可酌情決定該等分派可能由資本（包括實現與未實現資本收益）撥款支付。投資者應注意，從資本撥款支付分派即代表從投資者原先投資基金之款額或該項原先投資應佔的任何資本增值退回或提取部分金額。因此，基金未來可用作投資的資本及資本增值或會減少。基金作出任何分派均可能導致每單位資產淨值即時下跌。此外，正分派收益並不表示總投資的正回報。貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及每單位資產淨值可能受到有關貨幣對沖類別的參考貨幣與基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響，導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加，繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他單位類別為高。

貨幣對沖類別之分派金額及資產淨值可能受到貨幣對沖類別的計價貨幣與基金的基本貨幣之利率差異的不利影響，導致從資本撥款支付分派的金額增加，繼而使資本被侵蝕的程度較其他非對沖類別為高。
- **對沖風險** — 經理人及投資經理人獲准有絕對酌情權（但並非必須）採用對沖方法以嘗試減低市場及貨幣之風險。概無保證該等對沖方法（如採用）將會達到預期之效果或該等對沖方法將獲得採用，在該等情形下，基金可能需承受現有之市場及貨幣風險，並可能受到不利影響。對匯率風險所作出的對沖（如有）可能或未必高達基金資產之100%。

How has the fund performed? 本基金過往的業績表現如何？



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the last valuation day of the calendar year, NAV to NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the class increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.
- The Manager views “(acc) - USD class” being the focus class available to retail investors in Hong Kong as the most appropriate representative class.
- Fund launch date: 2009
- Class launch date: 2009
- 過去業績資料並不代表將來表現。投資者未必能取回全部投資本金。
- 業績表現以曆年之最後一個估值日的資產淨值作為基礎，股息會滾存再作投資。
- 上述數據顯示單位類別價值在有關曆年內的升跌幅度。業績表現以美元計算，當中包括基金的經常性開支，但不包括基金可能向閣下收取的認購費及贖回費。
- 經理人視「(累計) 美元類別」作為本基金可供香港零售投資者認購的核心單位類別為最合適的代表單位類別。
- 本基金成立日期：2009
- 單位類別成立日期：2009

Is there any guarantee? 本基金有否提供保證？

This Fund does not provide any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.
本基金並不提供任何保證。閣下未必能取回全數投資本金。

What are the fees and charges? 投資本基金涉及哪些費用及收費？

◆ Charges which may be payable by you[†] 閣下或須繳付的收費[†]

You may have to pay the following fees up to the rate listed below when dealing in the units of the Fund:

閣下買賣基金單位時或須繳付最高可達之費用如下：

Subscription fee (Initial charge) 認購費：	5.0% of NAV 資產淨值之5.0%
Switching fee 轉換費：	1.0% of NAV 資產淨值之1.0%
Redemption fee 贖回費：	Currently 0% (up to 0.5% of NAV) 現時為0% (最高可達資產淨值之0.5%)

[†] Please refer to the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund for the calculation methodology of the relevant charges.

[†] 請參閱本基金的基金說明書，了解有關收費的計算方法。

◆ Ongoing fees payable by the Fund 本基金須持續繳付的費用

The following expenses will be paid out of the Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.
以下費用將從基金中扣除，閣下的投資回報將會因而減少。

Management fee 管理費：	1.75% of NAV p.a. (maximum 2.5%) 每年資產淨值之1.75% (最高可達2.5%)
Trustee fee 信託管理人費用：	0.025%–0.06% of NAV p.a. (maximum 0.2%; subject to the NAV) 每年資產淨值之0.025%–0.06% (最高可達0.2%；根據基金資產淨值)
Performance fee 表現費：	N/A 不適用
Administration fee 行政費：	N/A 不適用

◆ **Other fees 其他費用**

The Fund may charge other fees. Please refer to the 'FEES, CHARGES AND LIABILITIES' section in the Explanatory Memorandum of the Fund.

本基金或會收取其他費用。請參閱本基金的基金說明書內之「收費、開支及責任」一節。

Additional information 其他資料

- You generally buy, redeem or switch units at the Fund's next-determined net asset value after the Manager or Intermediaries receive your request in good order at or before 5.00pm (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time. The Manager or Intermediaries may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors.
- The net asset value of this Fund is calculated and published on each "dealing day". They are available online at am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- Composition of the distributions (i.e. the relative amounts paid out of (i) net distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 Months are available from the Manager upon request and at the website am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- Investors may obtain the past performance information of other classes offered to Hong Kong investors from am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹.
- 在交易截止時間即下午5時正（香港時間）或之前由經理人或中介人收妥的單位認購、贖回及轉換要求，一般按基金隨後釐定的資產淨值執行。經理人或中介人設定的交易截止時間可能各有不同，投資者應注意提交要求的截止時間。
- 本基金在每一「交易日」計算及公布資產淨值。詳情請瀏覽 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 最近12個月的分派成分（即從(i)可分派收入淨額及(ii)資本所派發的相對金額），可向經理人索取及於以下網頁查閱：
am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹。
- 投資者可於 am.jpmorgan.com/hk¹ 取得其他向香港投資者銷售的單位類別之過往業績資料。

¹ The website has not been reviewed by the SFC.

¹ 此網頁並未經證監會審閱。

Important 重要提示

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

閣下如有疑問，應諮詢專業意見。

證監會對本概要的內容並不承擔任何責任，對其準確性及完整性亦不作出任何陳述。